



LAWS OF SEYCHELLES

POST OFFICE ACT

CHAPTER 175

REVISED EDITION 1991

**PRINTED FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF SEYCHELLES
BY SPACE**

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTER

CHAPTER 175

POST OFFICE ACT

[28th September, 1901]

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Short title.
3/23/1976.

Establishment of Post Office

2.(1) The central post office at Victoria, as heretofore established, shall continue to be the central post office for the whole of the Seychelles, and shall be subject to the provisions of this Act.

Post office and
officers to
continue.
2/34/1967.
S.I. 95/1975.
3/23/1976.
2/4/1987.

(2) Such post office shall also continue to be the central post office for the despatch of letters, newspapers, book-packets, and

samples and patterns, to any place in the Islands of Mahe, Praslin, and La Digue, and, whenever practicable, to the outlying islands and other islands belonging to the Seychelles Archipelago.

(3) It shall be lawful for the Minister from time to time, to create branch post offices at such place or places as may appear convenient, and mobile post offices, and to limit by regulations the nature of the articles to be transmitted through such branch post offices and mobile post offices.

(4) All branch post offices already established shall continue as heretofore established, and shall be subject to the provisions of this Act.

(5) All officers attached to the post office, branch post offices and mobile post offices shall be subject to the provisions of this Act.

Establishment of
Post Office
Department.
2/11/1951.
7/12/1962.
S.I. 95/1975.
S.I. 72/1976.

3.(1) The establishment of the Post Office Department shall consist of a chief officer, to be called the Chief Postmaster, and of such clerks, postmen and other officers as may be appointed by the President.

(2) Such officers shall receive such salaries as may be approved by the President.

Cap. 153.

(3) The Chief Postmaster and all clerks, postmen, and other officers of the Post Office Department shall, before entering on the duties of their office, over and above any oath which they may be required to take under the Official Oaths Act, take an oath, in the form of Schedule A of this Act, before a Judge in chambers, which oath shall be tendered by the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

Officers not to
resign without
notice.
2/20/1973.
S.I. 72/1976.

4. Any officer of the Post Office Department, who, without one calendar month's previous notice in writing to the President, shall resign or withdraw from office, shall incur a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees without prejudice to any other penalty or to any damages to which he may have made himself liable.

5.(1) Any officer of the Post Office Department, except the Chief Postmaster, who shall absent himself from his duties, without lawful and satisfactory excuse, shall forfeit a portion of his pay not exceeding three day's pay for each day of such absence, and proportionally at the said rate in case of absence for part of a day.

Unlawful
absence of
officers.
2/11/1951.
S.I. 95/1975.

(2) In case the Chief Postmaster shall, through illness or other lawful cause, be incapacitated from performing his duties, it shall be lawful for the Minister to appoint, for such time and under such conditions as may be deemed advisable, a Deputy Chief Postmaster who, pending his tenure of office, shall incur and be liable to the same obligations, penalties, and responsibilities as the Chief Postmaster himself.

General Provisions as to Conveyance of Mails

6.(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to convey or cause to be conveyed any letter for reward or hire within Seychelles, otherwise than through the post office except in the following cases:—

Inland letters to
be conveyed
through post
office.
3/20/1973.

- (i) a letter sent by any person by a friend or special messenger concerning the private affairs of the sender or receiver;
- (ii) letters accompanying goods, and letters addressed by, or to, owners, freighters, or consignees of vessels, or of goods received or sent by the their own vessels;
- (iii) letters concerning goods or merchandise sent by common known carriers, to be delivered with goods or merchandise which such letters concern, without hire or reward for receiving, transmitting, or delivering such letters:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise any person to make collection of such excepted letters for the purpose of sending them in the manner hereby authorised.

(2) Any person contravening the provisions of this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Authority from
Post Office to send
letters or packets
abroad.
4/20/1973.

7. It shall be unlawful for any person, without authority from the Post Office Department, to send or convey or cause or procure to be sent or conveyed, on board any aircraft or vessel outward bound from Seychelles, any letter or packet liable to postage, under a penalty of a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees; and the Chief Postmaster, or any person authorised by him, may take possession of any letter or packet sent or conveyed on board any such aircraft or vessel in contravention of this section.

Letters, etc., posted
not to be returned
or given to another.
2/23/1936.
2/11/1951.

8.(1) No letter, newspaper, or packet which shall have been delivered into any post office, except as hereinafter provided shall be returned to the sender thereof or be given to any other person, if not an officer of the Post Office Department, other than the individual to whom it is addressed or his lawful agents:

Provided that any such letter, newspaper or packet addressed to any servant employed on the Outlying Islands shall be delivered to the master employing such servant or the master's agent in Mahe for delivery to the addressee.

(2) Any person contravening this provision shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Penalty for opening
or detaining letters,
etc.
5/20/1973.
S.I. 95/1975.
S.I. 72/1976.

9.(1) Any person employed in or by the Post Office Department who shall open or cause or suffer to be opened, or shall detain or delay or cause to be detained or delayed, any letter, packet or newspaper, except in conformity with some law or regulation existing at the time, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or both.

(2) Nothing herein contained shall extend to the opening or detaining or delaying of a postal letter returned for want of a true direction, or of a postal letter returned by reason that the person to whom the same shall be directed is dead or cannot be found or shall have refused the same or neglected to pay the postage thereof, nor to the opening or detaining or delaying of a postal letter in obedience to an express warrant in writing under the hand of the President.

10.(1) Every person employed under the post office who shall steal, or shall for any purpose whatever embezzle, secrete, or destroy a postal letter shall be guilty of a crime, and shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding seven years.

Penalty for stealing or destroying a postal letter.
6/20/1973.

(2) If any such letter so stolen, embezzled, secreted, or destroyed shall contain any chattel or money whatsoever, or any valuable property, every such offender shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding ten years.

11. Every person who shall steal from or out of any postal matter any chattel or money or valuable security shall be guilty of a crime, and shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding ten years.

Penalty for larceny of contents of postal matter.
7/20/1973.

12. Every person who shall steal a post bag, or any postal matter from a post bag, or shall steal or unlawfully take away any letter from a post office or from any mail either in Seychelles or in transit to or from one of the Seychelles Islands, or to or from any mail packet or ship or boat, or shall stop a mail with intent to rob and search the same, shall be guilty of a crime and shall be liable to imprisonment not exceeding ten years.

Penalty for larceny of contents of mail bags, etc.
8/20/1973.

13. Every person who shall receive any postal matter or post letter bag, or any chattel or money or valuable security, the stealing, taking, embezzling, or secreting whereof shall amount to a crime under this Act or any penal law in force in Seychelles, knowing the same to have been criminally stolen, taken, embezzled, or secreted, and to have been sent or to have been intended to be sent by the post, shall be guilty of a crime, and may be prosecuted and convicted either as an accomplice or for a substantive crime, and, in the latter case, whether the principal shall or shall not have been previously arrested or shall or shall not be amenable to justice, and every such person howsoever convicted shall be liable to imprisonment not exceeding ten years.

Penalty for receiving stolen property.
9/20/1973.

14. Whosoever shall steal, or fraudulently take away, embezzle, or secrete any newspaper or book sent by the post shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be liable to imprisonment not exceeding three years.

Penalty for larceny of newspapers, books, etc.
10/20/1973.

Averments in
information.
3/23/1976.

15.(1) In every case where an offence shall be committed in respect of a postal letter bag or a chattel, money, or valuable security sent by the post, it shall be sufficient to lay in the criminal information to be preferred against the offender the property of the said postal letter bag, or chattel, or money, or valuable security, sent by the post in the Chief Postmaster, or to lay that such postal letter bag, or chattel, or money, or valuable security, sent by the post, was not the property of the offender.

(2) It shall not be necessary in the criminal information to allege or to prove upon the trial that the said postal letter bag, or chattel, or money, or valuable security was of any value; and in any criminal information to be preferred against any person employed under the post office for any offence committed against this Act it shall be lawful to state and allege that such offender was employed under the post office of Seychelles at the time of the commission of such offence, without stating further the nature or particulars of such employment.

(3) It shall be lawful for the court, whenever larceny is set forth in a criminal information under this Act, to convict for embezzlement, and, whenever the information sets forth embezzlement, to convict for larceny, if the facts of the case warrant it.

Penalty in case of
drunkenness or
carelessness of post
office officials.
11/20/1973.

16. A fine not exceeding two hundred rupees shall be incurred by any person who, being employed in the Post Office Department to convey or deliver a mail box, bag, packet, or a letter, newspaper, or packet in the course of transmission, through the post office, shall be guilty of drunkenness, carelessness, or other misconduct whereby the safety of such mail box or other article aforesaid may be endangered; and by any person employed as aforesaid who shall not use proper care and diligence safely to convey to its destination, according to the law and regulations of the post office, for the time being, any mail box or other article aforesaid entrusted to his care, or who shall collect, receive, convey, or deliver any letter, newspaper, or packet aforesaid otherwise than in the ordinary course of post, according to the said law and regulations.

17. No person shall post, cause to be posted, tender, deliver in, send or order to be sent by post—

Prohibited
articles.
12/20/1973.
S.I. 104/1975.
3/23/1976.

- (a) any letter postal packet consisting of or containing any thing which might expose any person to danger or which might soil or damage any other letter or postal packet;
- (b) any explosive, inflammable or dangerous substance;
- (c) any animal or insect, live or dead, except as provided for in any regulations made under this Act;
- (d) any opium or opium derivative, or any drug the use of which is by law, prohibited in Seychelles;
- (e) any obscene or libellous writing, picture or other thing;
- (f) anything whatsoever of which the importation or circulation is forbidden in Seychelles or in the country of destination (provided that such country is included in the Universal Postal Union);
- (g) any seditious publication within the meaning of the Penal Code or of any enactment relating to sedition;
- (h) anything, the sending of which by post, is prohibited by any regulation made under this or any other Act.

(2) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to imprisonment for a period of two years or to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees or to both such fine and imprisonment, and the Court shall order the forfeiture of the animal or insect, article publication, substance or thing used in the commission of the offence.

(3) Nothing in paragraph (d) of subsection (1) shall affect the rights and duties of the Chief Medical Officer, or any one lawfully acting by or under Seychelles relating to drugs.

Letters suspected to contain contraband goods may be opened.

18. It shall be lawful for the Chief Postmaster to detain any postal letter or packet suspected to contain any goods, in contraband of the customs laws, and place the same before the Committee to be appointed by the Minister to open dead letters, and the Collector of Customs; and the Committee and Collector together may, in the presence of the person to whom such letter or packet may be addressed, or, in his absence, in case of non-attendance after notice in writing from the said Committee requiring his attendance, forwarded by the post according to the address on the letter, open and examine the same, and in case any goods in contraband of the customs laws shall be discovered in such letter or packet, the said Committee and Collector shall detain the letter and its contents for the purpose of proceeding in regard thereto according to law; and, if no such goods shall be discovered in such letter, the same shall be delivered to the party to whom it is addressed if present, and, if absent, shall be forwarded to his address through the post office, subject in either case to payment of any postage chargeable thereon.

Letters may be opened or delayed.
2/D15/1978.

19.(1) The Minister responsible for Internal Affairs or the Commissioner of Police may grant a warrant authorizing the Chief Postmaster or authorizing any or all the officers of the Post Office to open and delay any specified class or all postal letters and packets whatsoever.

(2) The Chief Postmaster may delay any postal letter or packet for such time as may reasonably be necessary for the purpose of obtaining a warrant under this section.

Letters may be intercepted and detained.
2/D15/1978.

20. Whenever he considers that the public interest so requires, the President, or any public officer authorized in that behalf by the President either generally or for any particular occasion, may order that any postal letter or packet or any class of postal letters or packets brought for conveyance shall not be conveyed or that any postal letter or packets brought for conveyance, or received or being conveyed, shall be intercepted or detained or disclosed to the Government or to the public officer specified in the Order.

21. Any person shall be deemed guilty of a crime and shall be laible to imprisonment for a period not exceeding seven years, who—

Penalties for
forging post
office dies,
stamps etc.
13/20/1973.

- (i) shall forge or counterfeit a die, plate, stamp, mark, or impression, or part thereof, respectively, used or intended to be used for stamping or marking any paper or other substance to the used by the post office in any part of Seychelles; or
- (ii) shall forge or counterfeit any paper or other substance stamped or marked for the use of the post office aforesaid; or
- (iii) shall knowingly, and without lawful authority or excuse, have in his possession any such die or paper, or other article in this section enumerated; or
- (iv) with intent to defraud the Government of Seychelles, shall, without lawful authority, stamp or mark, or cause to be stamped or marked any paper or other substance with any die, plate, stamp, or impression, or part thereof, respectively, used or intended to be used, as herein aforesaid; or
- (v) shall fraudulently alter the colour of, or obliterate, or alter any mark, word, or letter, or figure upon any impression of any die or other article aforesaid with intent to use or pass off the same as being of a higher value than the true value thereof; or
- (vi) shall knowingly and fraudulently use or pass off, as being of a higher value than the true value thereof, any impression aforesaid having the colour thereof altered, or any mark or other aforesaid, obliterated, altered or removed as herein aforesaid respectively; or
- (vii) shall knowingly assist or aid, or abet, in any of the offences in this article enumerated.

Penalty for selling,
etc., counterfeit
reply coupons, etc.
2/2/1928.
14/20/1973.

22.(1) Any person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour and shall be liable to imprisonment for a period of two years or to a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees or to both such imprisonment and fine, who shall—

- (i) make, knowingly deal in, sell or offer for sale any fictitious or counterfeit international reply coupon or postal identity card; or
- (ii) knowingly use for any postal purpose any fictitious or counterfeit international reply coupon or postal identity card; or
- (iii) have in his possession without lawful excuse any fictitious or counterfeit international reply coupon or postal identity card; or
- (iv) make or without lawful excuse have in his possession any die, plate, instrument or materials for making any fictitious or counterfeit international reply coupon or postal identity card.

(2) An attempt to commit any of the said misdemeanours may be considered and punished as a misdemeanour, as provided in the Penal Code.

Cap. 158.

Penalties for
removing or
obliterating
stamps.
15/20/1973.
3/23/1976.

23. Any person shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, who —

- (i) shall fraudently remove from any letter, cover, paper or other substance, the impression of any die, plate, or other article in section 22 enumerated, with intent to use or appropriate such impression, or to dispose of the same on his own account; or
- (ii) shall fraudently use or affix upon any letter, cover, paper or any other substance any such impression having been removed as aforesaid; or
- (iii) shall fraudently erase, remove, or obliterate, in whole or in part, from any impression aforesaid, or

- from any paper or other substance, any name, date, mark, or other matter or thing thereon, for the purpose of defrauding the Government of Seychelles; or
- (iv) for the purpose aforesaid, shall use, sell, or alter any impression, or other aforesaid, so erased, removed, obliterated in whole or in part; or
 - (v) shall be concerned in any act or device whatever not specially provided by this or any other Act, with intent to defraud the Government of Seychelles of any rate leviable in virtue of any Act or regulation regarding the post office; or
 - (vi) shall knowingly assist, aid, or abet in any offence in this section specified.

24.(1) There shall be within the town of Victoria such number of deliveries by postmen of letters, packets, and newspapers passing through the post, as shall be fixed from time to time by Post Office regulations.

Number of deliveries of letters to be fixed by regulations.
S.I. 95/1975.

(2) Throughout the remaining parts of Mahe, and the Islands of La Digue and Praslin, all letters and others aforesaid passing through the post office shall be delivered at the several branch post offices, except in those cases where delivery by postmen shall be authorised by the Minister.

25. It shall be lawful for the Minister from time to time by Post Office regulations to fix, amend, alter, or modify the rates chargeable on letters, post-cards, packets and newspapers posted in Seychelles for transmission through the post office to any place within the same, and to repeal the existing rates.

Rates of postage to be fixed by regulations.
S.I. 95/1975.

26. Subject to any postal convention for the time being in force between Seychelles and any place beyond Seychelles, it shall be lawful for the Minister to fix by Post Office regulations the rates chargeable for the transmission through the post office of letters, newspapers, packets, and parcels to or for any place beyond Seychelles, and also the rates chargeable for post office money orders issued in Seychelles, and from time to time to alter such rates, and also to determine that the same shall be prepaid under such conditions in case of failure as the Minister shall fix.

Rates of postage on letters and fees chargeable on post office money orders to and from places beyond Seychelles.
S.I. 95/1975.

Charges for late letters to be fixed by regulation.
S.I. 95/1975.

27. The Minister may also fix, and from time to time alter, by Post Office regulations, any rate or rates in addition to the ordinary postage rates to be charged for letters, packets, and newspapers, posted after the closing of any mail, and the conditions under which such late letters, packets, and newspapers shall be received.

Franking of correspondence on public service.
S.I. 95/1975.

28. The Principal Secretary of the Ministry may, by a notice to be published in the *Gazette*, authorise certain public officers in Seychelles, under such restrictions and regulations as shall be so published, to receive and send letters upon the public service from and to any part of Seychelles and may, from time to time, withdraw and renew such authority.

Penalty for falsely marking a letter as privileged.
17/20/1973.

29. A fine not exceeding two hundred rupees shall be incurred by any person who shall knowingly post, or cause, or procure to be posted or shall address, endorse, or sign, or cause to be addressed, or endorsed, or signed as a letter to the privilege provided in section 28 a letter not entitled to such privilege, or who shall send, or, being a public officer, shall permit to be sent, by post, under colour or pretence of an official communication, any letter, paper, writing, or enclosure, of a private nature.

Registration of letters, etc.
S.I. 95/1975.

30.(1) Any person may require any letter, newspaper, paper, or packet presented by him, and for which the full postage shall be prepaid by stamps, at any post office, to be registered; whereupon the officer of such post office, entrusted for the time being with the duty of registering letters, shall give to such person a receipt therefor. The registration fee in addition to the postage shall be paid in advance.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Minister to fix by Post Office regulations the terms on which letters, newspapers, or packets may be registered for transmission to places beyond Seychelles, and on which letters, newspapers, papers, or packets registered in such places for transmission to Seychelles shall be delivered.

Post Office Department not answerable for money, etc., in letters posted.

31. Subject to such limited liability as may be from time to time adopted under any convention in force for the time being, the Post Office Department shall not be answerable for transmission of any money, jewels, or other valuables transmitted

through the post office, whether the letter or packet in which the same were contained be registered or not, but reserving to any person having any right or interest in such money, jewels, or other valuables aforesaid any right of action he may have against any officer of the Post Office Department by whom, or in consequence of whose neglect, fault, or delinquency, the same may have failed duly to reach its destination.

32. No officer of the Post Office Department employed to deliver letters, newspapers, and packets, whether at the places indicated by the address thereof, or at any post office, shall deliver any such letter, newspaper, or packet, without immediate payment of any charges due thereon, and no such officer shall be required to give change for any money tendered in payment of any charge aforesaid; and if any such officer shall be subject to detention in delivering any letter, newspaper, or packet at the place indicated on the address thereof, he may proceed with the delivery of the remaining letters and others in his charge, and return to the post office for delivery, according to the Post Office regulations for the time being, any letters, newspapers, or packets by which any such detention may have been occasioned.

Letters not to be delivered without payment of postage.

33. Any letter or packet which shall be refused by the person to whom the same shall be addressed shall be treated as a dead letter.

Letters refused to be treated as dead letter.

34. In any action or proceeding for the recovery of any postage, the production of any letter or packet in respect of which such postage shall apply, having thereupon a post office stamp denoting that such letter or packet had been refused or rejected, or that the party to whom the same had been addressed was dead, or could not be found, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the refusal or rejection of such letter or packet, or that such person was dead, or could not be found, according to the import and meaning of the said post office stamp thereupon.

Stamps on letters refused to be *prima facie* proof of refusal.

35. In any suit or other proceeding for the recovery of any postage payable by virtue of any Act or Post Office regulation the person from whom any letter, newspaper, or packet, to which such postage shall be applicable, shall purport to have come, shall be deemed to be the sender thereof, and the onus shall lie upon him to prove that he was not such sender.

Person from whom letter purports to have come to be presumed sender.

S.I. 95/1975.

Unclaimed letters
after notification to
be treated as dead
letters.

36. Every letter which shall have remained at any post office during the period of two calendar months unclaimed by the person to whom it shall be addressed or one in his right, shall be entered in a list which shall be twice published in the *Gazette*, and if it shall not be claimed within fourteen days after such publication it shall be treated as a dead letter:

Provided that all letters directed "Poste Restante" shall be kept at least three calendar months at the post office before being treated as dead letters.

Dead letters to be
opened and
returned.
4/6/1956.
2/D34/1978.
2/D38/1978.

37.(1) Dead letters, if received from any place not within the Seychelles, shall be returned to the post offices from which they were respectively received.

(2) If posted within Seychelles they shall be opened in the presence of two persons appointed by the Minister, one of whom shall be a Senior Officer from a department other than the Post Office.

(3) Such letters shall then be resealed and returned to the writers thereof respectively, if they can be ascertained, who shall be liable to any charge due thereon for the original transmission thereof, as well as for full return postage thereon.

(4) Any person who shall reveal the contents of any dead letter opened in his presence shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Postage to be paid
on delivery subject
to claim for refund.

38.(1) Any postage which shall be claimed on the delivery of any letter, newspaper, or packet shall be paid on the delivery thereof.

(2) Any claim for return of the whole or part of such postage, as not being legally due, shall be made within ten days from the date of delivery, otherwise such claim shall not be maintainable.

(3) Whenever the Chief Postmaster, after examining such letter, newspaper, or packet aforesaid in presence of the party

making such claim, shall be satisfied that any such claim is well founded, he shall refund to the claimant the whole or part of such postage which shall have been improperly charged.

39. Whenever the Chief Postmaster shall have reason to suspect that any letter or packet, bearing any address or other writing or printing thereon, which would entitle it to pass through the post office at a lower rate than the ordinarily chargeable for letters of the weight thereof, contains any note, writing, enclosure, or any matter or thing whatever which would subject it to the rate ordinarily chargeable as aforesaid, or to any other rate higher than such lower rate aforesaid, the Chief Postmaster may mark thereon the amount due for such letter or packet to be delivered or forwarded unless the same be opened in his presence and he be satisfied that it does not contain any such note, writing, or other aforesaid.

Chief Postmaster may mark certain packets if not opened.

40.(1) It shall be lawful for the Chief Postmaster and any Deputy Chief Postmaster to take out from its cover or enclosure any newspaper or packet of printed matter passing through the post office in order to see whether the same shall be in conformity with the law and regulations entitling it to be transmitted through the post office at the rate of postage applicable for such newspaper or packet.

Chief Postmaster may take newspaper out of cover.

(2) If such newspaper or packet, as examined, shall be found not to be in conformity with the law and regulations aforesaid, the Chief Postmaster by whom the same shall be examined shall mark thereon the rate applicable thereto, and which shall thereupon be the postage payable for such newspaper or packet.

Carriage of Mails by Sea and Air

41.(1) On the arrival of any vessel at the anchorage of Port Victoria, the master thereof shall immediately deliver to the Chief Postmaster, or to any officer deputed by him or designated in any Post Office regulation, all post office mails, packets, letters, and newspapers placed in his charge for delivery in Seychelles whether in packages or loose, with the exception only of letters addressed to the owner, freighters, or consignees of the vessel, and of letters

Master of vessel arriving to deliver mails.
18/20/1973.

addressed and to be delivered with goods brought by the vessel to the consignees of such goods.

(2) Such vessel shall not be entered, and reported at the Customs House, until the master or, in the case of mail steamers, the agent thereof shall have made and signed a declaration in presence of the Collector of Customs setting forth that all the post office mails, packets, and letters aforesaid have been duly delivered.

(3) Any such master refusing to make such declaration, or knowingly or negligently detaining, or keeping on board his vessel beyond twenty-four hours after arriving at the anchorage aforesaid any post office mail, packet, or other aforesaid shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(4) In case any vessel shall be put in quarantine on her arrival at Seychelles, the letters and mails brought by her shall be landed under such precautions and at such time as the Quarantine Authority shall determine, and the master of such vessel shall, subject to the penalties aforesaid, be bound to obey without delay the orders of the Harbour Master with respect to the landing or disposal otherwise of the said letters and mails.

Sea postage to
master of vessel
not being packet.
2/11/1951.
2/23/1955.

42. The master of every vessel not being a regular mail packet under contract with the Government conveying mails from Seychelles shall receive from the Postmaster, as sea postage, such sum as may be fixed from time to time by regulations of the Minister.

Master of
Seychelles vessel
leaving Seychelles
bound to carry
mails.
19/20 1973.

43.(1) The master of any Seychelles vessel about to leave the harbour of Victoria shall be bound, under a fine not exceeding two hundred fifty rupees, to receive on board such vessel and convey to any port or place to which he may be proceeding any mails, packets, or letters, one or more, which shall be delivered to him, or by orders of the Chief Postmaster.

(2) The master of any Seychelles vessel conveying mails, packets, or letters, one or more, delivered to him as aforesaid, shall be bound to deliver the same, within twenty-four hours

after arriving at any such port or place, to the officer or person to whom they may be addressed and to obtain in exchange therefor a certificate under the hand of the Consul, Vice-Consul or Port Officer at such port or place, to the effect that he has duly delivered such mails, packets or letters within twenty-four hours after his arrival at such port or place.

(3) The master of any such vessel returning to Seychelles within twelve months after his departure therefrom shall be bound, on the demand of the Chief Postmaster, to deliver to him within twenty-four hours a certificate to the effect and duly subscribed as aforesaid.

(4) Any master of such vessel failing to comply with the requirements of subsection (3) shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(5) Any person forging, counterfeiting, or altering any such certificate shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and shall, on conviction, be liable to imprisonment not exceeding seven years.

44.(1) The master or agent of every Seychelles vessel about to proceed to sea shall be bound under a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees to give or cause to be given to the Chief Postmaster, seven-two hours at least before the time of so proceeding to sea, written notice of his intended departure, and of the port or ports to which such vessel is intended to proceed.

Master to notify
to post office.
2/11/1951.
20/20/1973.

(2) If the day of departure shall be changed after such notice, as early notice as possible of such change shall be given by the master under the penalty aforesaid in case of failure.

(3) Any person who shall knowingly give false or incomplete notice to the Chief Postmaster of the port or ports to which any vessel is intended to proceed as aforesaid, shall incur a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees:

Provided that the master of any Seychelles steamer, having entered the harbour of Victoria in circumstances of emergency only may leave the harbour six hours after having given notice in

Carriage of mails
by air.
21/20/1973.
S.I. 95/1975.

writing to the Chief Postmaster of his intended departure, and of the port or ports to which the vessel is intended to proceed.

45.(1) On arrival of an aircraft at Seychelles International Airport the captain of such aircraft shall immediately deliver to the authorised handling organisation at such airport all post office mails, packets, letters and newspaper placed in his charge for delivery to Seychelles with the exception only of letters addressed to the owner, freighter or consignee of such aircraft and of letters addressed to and to be delivered with goods brought by such aircraft to the consignees of such goods.

(2) The captain of any aircraft who knowingly or negligently detains or keeps on board such aircraft beyond six hours after arriving at Seychelles International Airport any post office mail, packet, letter or newspaper as mentioned in subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of five hundred rupees.

(3) The authorised handling organisation shall deliver without delay to the Chief Postmaster, or to any officer deputed by him or designated in any Post Office regulation, all post office mails, packets, letters and newspapers placed in its charge by the captain of an aircraft.

(4) The authorised handling organisation or any of its employees, who knowingly or negligently detains or keeps beyond twelve hours after receipt any post office mail, packet, letter or newspaper shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of five hundred rupees.

(5) In case any aircraft shall be put in quarantine on its arrival in Seychelles, the letters and mails brought by it shall be delivered to the authorised handling organisation under such precautions and at such time as the Quarantine Authority shall determine and the captain of such aircraft shall, subject to the penalties aforesaid be bound to obey without delay the orders of the Director of Civil Aviation with respect to delivery or disposal of the said mail and letters.

(6) The Chief postmaster, or any officer deputed by him, shall

deliver to the authorised handling organisation at Seychelles International Airport all air mails to be sent by air beyond Seychelles and the authorised handling organisation shall be bound under a fine of five hundred rupees, to despatch them by the first available aircraft in accordance with the instructions given to it by the Chief Postmaster.

(7) For the purpose of this section the *authorised handling organisation shall by such association, body, company or person as the Minister may from time to time, by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint.

Penalties, Boundaries, Regulations

46. All rates of postage authorised in this Act or in any Post Office regulation and not duly paid, and all penalties and forfeitures which may be incurred under this Act or any regulations made thereunder, may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered before the Supreme Court or other competent court on information by the Attorney General or by the Chief Postmaster for the time being or by the Commissioner of Police.

Recovery of rates and penalties.

47.(1) The third of any penalty imposed by this Act or by regulations made thereunder which shall be recovered in consequence of information furnished by any informer, shall be payable to such informer, but without prejudice to the power of the President after consultation with the advisory committee on the prerogative of mercy to remit the whole or part thereof on any ground which to him may seem fit.

Appropriation of fines.
S.I. 95/1975.
S.I. 72/1976.

(2) In case the whole penalty be so remitted the informer shall have no claim against the Government or the party fined in respect thereof, and in case of partial remission he shall only be entitled to one-half of the fine actually received.

48. The limits of the town of Victoria with reference to this Act shall be as defined in the Schedule to the Town of Victoria (Boundaries and Divisions) Act or such other limits as may be hereafter proclaimed to be the limits of said town for the purposes of this Act.

Limit of town of Victoria under this Act.
3/23/1964.
3/23/1976.
Cap. 238.

*Aviation Seychelles Limited has been appointed as the authorised handling organization (S.I. 71 of 1973) now amalgamated with Air Seychelles Limited.

Regulations.
S.I. 95/1975.

49.(1) It shall be lawful for the Minister to frame regulations for the carrying out of the purposes of this Act.

(2) Regulations may provide for any breach or contravention thereof a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Pillar-Boxes

Persons opening,
etc., pillar-boxes to
be punished.

50. Any person who shall, without lawful authority, open, break or injure, or who shall remove from the place where it shall have been erected, any pillar-box shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees and to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year.

Person abstracting
letters, etc., from
pillar-box to be
punished.

51.(1) Any person who shall without lawful authority abstract any letter, newspaper or packet from any pillar-box aforesaid, shall be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years.

(2) If such abstraction be accompanied by violence to any individual, or by breaking, or if any letter, newspaper or packet, so abstracted, shall have contained any effect or money or any valuable security, the punishment shall be imprisonment for not more than five years.

Persons placing
combustible in
letter-box to be
punished.
22/20/1973.

52.(1) Any person who shall place or cause to be placed in any pillar-box aforesaid any explosive substance, or any lighted combustible substance, or substance by which the said box or any of its contents may be injured, shall be liable to imprisonment for two years or to a fine of two thousand rupees to both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) If such act shall have been committed with the intent to destroy or injure such box or any of its contents, the punishment shall be imprisonment for seven years.

Definition of term
pillar-box.
1-4/13/1863.
S.I. 72/1976.
3/23/1976.

53. The term "pillar-box" in this Act shall be held to apply to all boxes made of iron, or other metal, which have been or shall be erected in any place in Seychelles by the authority of the Seychelles Government for the reception of letters, newspapers or packets for transmission by the Post Office Department.

Frauds connected with Postage Stamps

54. It shall be lawful for the Chief Postmaster to withdraw from transmission or delivery any letter or postal packet containing or bearing any fictitious or counterfeit postage stamps, that is to say, any facsimile or imitation or representation of any stamp for denoting any rate or duty of postage, including any stamp for denoting a rate or duty of postage of the United Kingdom, of any of Her Majesty's Colonies, or of any foreign country; or purporting to be prepaid with any postage stamp which has been previously used to prepay any other postal packet, or otherwise obliterated; whether such letter or postal packet has been posted in Seychelles and addressed to a place abroad or has been posted abroad and received in Seychelles.

Power to withdraw from transmission letters and packets bearing counterfeit postage.

55. In the case of any such letter or postal packet posted in Seychelles and addressed to a place in Seychelles or abroad, it shall be lawful for the Chief Postmaster either to stop at once and send to the person appointed under subsection (2) of section 37 such letter or postal packet, or to send such letter or packet on to the post office of destination with a special report if, upon examination, the name and address of the sender do not appear.

Chief Postmaster may stop letter or send on with report.
2/11/1951.
3/D34/1978.

56. In the case of any such letter or postal packet posted abroad and received in Seychelles, it shall be lawful for the Chief Postmaster to deliver such letter or postal packet to the addressee, on condition that the addressee will give up the name and address of the sender, or such clear information as may lead to the discovery of the sender, and will place at the disposal of the Post Office either the cover or the whole document, in case the counterfeit or used stamp is inseparable from it.

Letter or packet received in Seychelles may be delivered on certain conditions.

57. Should the addressee decline, or be unable to give the name and address of the sender, or such information as may lead to the discovery of the sender, it shall be the duty of the Chief Postmaster to send back such letter or postal packet to the country of origin with such report as the circumstances of the case will require.

If addressee refuses name of sender, the Chief Postmaster shall send back letter to country origin.

If name and address of sender given, cover or wrapper to be sent to country of origin.
1-5/4/1894.

58. The Chief Postmaster will also, when the name and address of the sender is given up to him, and when the circumstances of the case require it, send to the country of origin the cover or the wrapper bearing the counterfeit or used stamp with a detailed report containing, *inter alia*, the name and address of the sender.

Money Orders

Authorisation of transmission of money orders between Seychelles & the United Kingdom.
S.I. 95/1975.
3/23/1976.
Cap. 226.

59.(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, sums of money not exceeding forty pounds sterling (£40) or such other sum as may be fixed by order of the Minister may be transmitted between Seychelles and the United Kingdom by means of post office money orders.

(2) Such post office money orders shall be exempt from the stamp duties imposed by the Stamp Duty Act.

Rules as to transmission of money orders.
S.I. 95/1975.

60. The issue, transmission, and payment of money orders under this Act shall, as heretofore, be regulated by such rules as may, from time to time, be framed by the Postmaster General of the United Kingdom, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the said rules, on being approved by the Minister, and published in the *Gazette*, shall be equally valid and effectual as if they had been contained verbatim in this Act:

Provided that the rates chargeable for the transmission of money by means of money orders issued in Seychelles and payable in the united Kingdom shall be fixed by regulations to be, from time to time, made by the Minister.

Act or omission by post office officials.

61. No action or other proceeding shall be instituted against any person for any act or omission in compliance with any such rules, or for or by reason of the payment of any such money order being refused or delayed by or on account of any neglect, omission or mistake by any officer or clerk of the post office, or for or by any other cause whatsoever, except on the ground of fraud or wilful misbehaviour.

62. The post office authorities may refund the amount of any money order to any person to whom the said order was issued, whether the same be in possession of such person or not, and, after such refund, all liability on the part of the post office authorities or of any clerk or officer of the post office or of the revenue thereof in respect of such money order, or of its issue, or of the refunding the amount thereof, shall cease and determine.

Refund of
amount of order.
2-5/11/1904.

SCHEDULE A

SECTION 3 (3)

I, A.....do solemnly swear that I will faithfully fulfil the duties of the Office of and more especially that I will not wittingly or willingly open or delay, or cause or suffer to be opened or delayed, contrary to my duty, any letter or anything sent by the post which shall come into my hands or custody by reason of my employment aforesaid except with the consent of the person or persons to whom the same is directed, or (in case of the Chief Postmaster), except as a person appointed by the Minister for the examination of "dead letters".

And that I will not in any way embezzle any letter or any thing sent by the post as aforesaid.

So help me God.

This oath was taken before me this day of
..... in the year 19.....

Chief Justice
or Judge.

SECTION 2

Post Office (Cinq Juin) (Limitation of Articles) Regulations.

S.I. 58 of 1980.

[7th July, 1980]

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Post Office (Cinq Juin) (Limitation of Articles) Regulations. Citation.

2. The articles to be transmitted through the branch post office established on the "Cinq Juin" shall be limited to letters and parcels transmitted to and from Mahé to and from the outer islands. Limitation of Articles.

Post Office (Aldabra) (Limitation of Articles) Regulations.

S.I. 7 of 1984.

[13th February, 1984]

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Post Office (Aldabra) (Limitation of Articles) Regulations. Citation.

2. Articles to be transmitted through the branch post office created on Aldabra Atoll shall be limited to letters and parcels arriving from or sent to Mahe. Limitation of articles.

SECTION 26**Post Office (Postage) Regulations**

S.I. 17 of 1991.

[1st April, 1991]

1. These regulations may be cited as the Post Office (Postage) Regulations. Citation.

2. In these Regulations—

Interpretation.

"aerogramme" means a letter in an approved form which complies with the requirements specified for aerogrammes in the Universal Postal Convention;

“express delivery” means a postal article which is transmitted in the normal mail services but whose delivery is accelerated in the country of destination;

“express mail service” means a special service for the transmission of letters and packages by the quickest possible means;

“letter” includes any written communication in the nature of personal communication but does not include a printed paper;

“literature for the blind” means periodicals, books and papers of any kind, impressed in braille or other special type, for the use of the blind and includes, provided they are sent by or addressed to an officially recognised institution for the blind, plates for embossing blind literature and discs, tapes or wires bearing voice recordings and special paper intended solely for the use of the blind;

“postage” means the duty or fees payable for the transmission of a postal article;

“postal article” means a letter or postcard, literature for the blind or printed paper in course of transmission by post;

“postcard” means a card recognised as a postcard under the Universal Postal Convention and includes a reply paid postcard;

“printed paper” means a postal article which is unsealed and contains only commercial materials, including advertising material, samples, books, periodicals, non-personalised direct mail and greeting cards containing only a conventional greeting of not more than 5 words or 5 conventional initials;

“transmission” means transmission by post under the Act;

“Universal Postal Convention” means the Convention concluded between the countries of the Universal Postal Union at Vienna on the 10th July, 1964 and any modification or revision made to that Convention from time to time.

Articles for transmission by post to comply with these Regulations.

Size of letter, printed paper or literature for the blind.

3. An article shall not be accepted for transmission unless it complies with these Regulations and any other written law.

4. An article shall not be accepted for transmission as a letter or printed paper or as literature for the blind—

(a) if—

- (i) subject to subparagraph (ii), the aggregate of its length, width and depth exceeds 900 mm and its greatest dimension exceeds 600mm; or
 - (ii) where the article is in roll form, the aggregate of its length and twice its diameter exceeds 1040mm and its greatest dimension exceeds 900mm; and
- (b) if—
- (i) subject to subparagraph (ii), its surface is less than 90mm by 140mm (with a tolerance of 2mm); or
 - (ii) where the article is in roll form, the aggregate of its length and twice its diameter is less than 170mm and its greatest dimension is less than 100mm.

5. An article shall not be accepted for transmission as a postcard if, subject to a tolerance of 2mm, it is — Size of postcard.

- (a) more than 105mm by 148mm; or
- (b) less than 90mm by 140mm, in size.

6. The limits for the weight of articles for transmission overseas are as specified in Part 1 of Schedule. Limit of weight.

7. An article shall not be accepted for transmission as printed paper or literature for the blind— Printed paper,
literature for the
blind.

- (a) unless there is conspicuously marked in block capitals on the top left-hand corner the word "PRINTED PAPER" or "LITERATURE FOR THE BLIND", as the case may be;
- (b) unless it is packed so that the contents can be easily examined; and
- (c) if it contains anything in the nature of personal correspondence, other than a pictorial or greeting card bearing good wishes or other courtesies in not more than 5 words or 5 conventional initials.

Insured letter.

8.(1) An article shall not be accepted for transmission as an insured letter—

- (a) unless it is enclosed in—
 - (i) an envelope which is made up in one piece from a strong material; or
 - (ii) a strongly packed box;
- (b) unless the envelope or box is sealed—
 - (i) by the application to each joint and flap of the envelope or box of wax, lead or steel seals which bear the distinctive impression of the same private mark of the sender; or
 - (ii) by the application on each joint and flap of the envelope or box of transparent or white adhesive tape, white adhesive paper or, in the case of a brown envelope or box or a box wrapped in brown paper, brown adhesive paper which bears the initials, signature or the distinctive impression of a private mark of the sender;
- (c) unless the seal or adhesive tape or paper referred to in paragraph (b) is affixed in such a manner that any tampering with the contents of the envelope or box is immediately apparent;
- (d) unless the postage stamps and official labels on the envelope or box are affixed with spaces left between them so as not to hide any damage to the envelope or box or wrapping on the box;
- (e) if the envelope or box is transparent or has a transparent panel;
- (f) if any stamp or label on the envelope or box is folded over two sides of the envelope or box so as to cover an edge of the envelope or box; and
- (g) if there is affixed on the envelope or box any label other than of the official label of the post office.

(2) For the purposes of subregulation (1)(b), a device consisting merely of straight, crossed or curved lines which can be easily imitated, a coin or a finger or thumb print shall not be treated as constituting a private mark of the sender.

(3) The additional fees payable for an insured letter are specified in Part II of the Schedule.

9.(1) An article for transmission by airmail shall—

Airmail.

- (a) bear a blue airmail label; or
- (b) have written in block capital the word "AIRMAIL", on its top left-hand corner.

(2) An aerogramme which is not in an approved form or which contains any enclosure may be—

- (a) treated and charged as an ordinary letter sent by air mail; or
- (b) transmitted by surface mail.

10. The fees for reply coupons are specified in Part II of the Schedule.

Reply coupons.

11. An article shall not be accepted for transmission by express mail service if its length is more than 1.5 metres or the aggregate of its length and girth is more than 3 metres.

Express mail service.

12. An article sent, otherwise than by registered mail, by post from Seychelles to any other place in Seychelles, on which the correct postage has not been paid shall not be delivered to the addressee unless the addressee pays twice the amount by which the postage on the article is deficient.

Unpaid postage etc.

13. The postage rates for articles to be transmitted through the post are specified in Part II of the Schedule.

Postage rates.

SCHEDULE

(Reg. 6)

PART I

LIMIT OF WEIGHT

Category of articles	Limit of Weight
1. Letters	2kg
2. Printed paper, other than books,	2kg
3. Books	5kg
4. Literature for blind	7kg
5. Article for transmission by express mail service	20kg

(Reg. 8(2), 10 and 13)

PART II

POSTAGE RATES

A. LOCAL POSTAGE

Article	Rates
1. Letters—	
(i) for up to 50g	R 1.50
(ii) for each extra 50g or part thereof	R 1.00
2. Printed papers—	
(i) for up to 50g	R 1.00
(ii) for each extra 50g or part thereof	R 0.50

B. OVERSEAS SURFACE MAIL

Articles

1. Letters—	
(i) up to 20g	R 2.75
(ii) up to 100g	R 6.50
(iii) up to 250g	R 12.75
(iv) up to 500g	R 24.50
(v) up to 1000g	R 42.50
(vi) up to 2000g	R 69.00

2. Printed paper, other than books—

	Rates
(i) up to 20g	R 1.50
(ii) up to 100g	R 4.00
(iii) up to 250g	R 8.00
(iv) up to 500g	R 14.00
(v) up to 1000g	R 20.00
(vi) up to 2000g	R 27.00

3. Books—

(i) up to 20g	R 1.50
(ii) up to 100g	R 4.00
(iii) up to 250g	R 8.00
(iv) up to 500g	R 14.00
(v) up to 1000g	R 20.00
(vi) up to 2000g	R 27.00
(vii) up to 3000g	R 38.00
(viii) up to 4000g	R 49.00
(ix) up to 5000g	R 60.00

4. Literature for blind

Free

5. Postcards

R 2.00

C. AIRMAIL

1. Letters:

	Rates		
	Zone A	Zone B	Zone C
(i) up to 10g	R 3.00	R 3.50	R 4.00
(ii) for each extra 10g or part thereof	R 1.50	R 1.75	R 2.00

2. Printed Paper:		Rates		
		Zone A	Zone B	Zone C
(i)	up to 10g	R 2.00	R 2.50	R 2.75
(ii)	for each extra 10g or part thereof	R 1.00	R 1.25	R 1.50
3. Literature for the blind		Rates		
		Zone A	Zone B	Zone C
		Free	Free	Free

4. Postcards R 3.00

5. Aerogrammes R 2.50

D. EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE:		Rates		
		Zone A	Zone B	Zone C
(i)	up to 500g	R200	R250	R275
(ii)	for each extra 500g or part thereof	R 25	R 50	R 75

E. MISCELLANEOUS RATES

1. International Reply coupons:

(i)	Selling Rate	R6.00
(ii)	Exchange Rate (stamp representing the minimum postage for airmail letter)	R4.00

2. Registration fee:

(In addition to postage referred in paragraph A, B or C)

(i)	local mail	R 5.00
(ii)	overseas mail	R10.00

3. Acknowledgment of delivery: R 7.00

4. Insurance Fee (for a maximum value of R25,000):

(In addition to postage referred to in paragraph A, B or C and registration fee)

(i)	up to R500	R 2.50
(ii)	for each extra R100 or part thereof	R 0.50

5. Express Delivery:
(In addition to postage referred to in
paragraph C)—

R10.00

E. For the purpose of this Schedule—

(i) Zone A consists of the following countries:

ZONE A

AFRICA, INDIAN SUB CONTINENT,

MIDDLE EAST AND INDIAN

OCEAN ISLANDS

AFGHANISTAN	GUINEA
ALGERIA	GUINEA BISSAU
ANGOLA	INDIA
BAHRAIN	IRAQ
BANGLADESH	IRAN
BHUTAN	ISRAEL
BOTSWANA	IVORY COAST
BURKINA FASO	JORDAN
BURUNDI	KENYA
CAMEROON	KUWAIT
CAPE VERDE ISLANDS	LEBANON
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	LESOTHO
CHAD	LIBERIA
COMORO ISLAND	LIBYAN ARAB REPUBLIC
CONGO	MADAGASCAR
DJIBOUTI	MALAWI
BENIN	MALDIVES
EGYPT	MAURITANIA
EQUATORIAL GUINEA	MAURITIUS
ETHIOPIA	MOROCCO
GABON	MOZAMBIQUE
GAMBIA	NAMIBIA
GAZA	NEPAL
GHANA	NIGER REPUBLIC

NIGERIA
OMAN
PAKISTAN
QATAR
REUNION
RWANDA
SAO TOME & PRINCIPE
SAUDI ARABIA
SENEGAL
SIERRA LEONE
SOMALIA
SOUTH AFRICA
SRI LANKA
SWAZILAND
SYRIA
SUDAN
TANZANIA
TOGO

TRISTAN DA CUNHA
TUNISIA
UGANDA
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
(ABU DHABI) & DUBHAI
UPPER VOLTA
YEMEN
ZAMBIA
ZAIRE
ZIMBABWE

(ii) Zone B consists of the following countries:

ZONE B

EUROPE, ASIA, AUSTRALIA AND PACIFIC OCEAN

ALBANIA
ANDORRA
AUSTRALIA
AUSTRIA
AZORES
BANKS ISLANDS
BELGIUM
BRUNEI
BULGARIA
BURMA (MYANMAR)
CAMBODIA
CANARY ISLANDS
CAROLINE ISLANDS

CHINA
CHRISTMAS ISLAND
COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS
CORSICA
CYPRUS
CZECHOSLOVAKIA
DENMARK
EAST TIMOR
FAROE ISLANDS
FIJI
FINLAND
FRANCE

FRENCH POLYNESIA	POLAND
GERMANY	PORTUGAL
GIBRALTAR	PORTUGUESE TIMOR
GREAT BRITAIN	ROMANIA
HONG KONG	SAMOA
HUNGARY	SINGAPORE
ICELAND	SOLOMON ISLANDS
INDONESIA	SPAIN
IRISH REPUBLIC	SWEDEN
ITALY	SWITZERLAND
JAPAN	TAIWAN
KIRIBATI	THAILAND
KOREA	TONGA
KAMPUCHEA	TURKEY
LAOS	TUVALU
LIECHTENSTEIN	UKRAINE
LUXEMBOURG	U.S.S.R.
MACAO	VANUATU
MADEIRA	VATICAN CITY STATE
MALAYSIA	VIETNAM
MALTA	WAKE ISLAND
MARIANA ISLANDS	WESTERN SAMOA
MARSHALL ISLAND	YUGOSLAVIA
MONACO	
MONGOLIA	
MYANMAR (BURMA)	
NAURU	
NETHERLANDS	
NEW CALEDONIA	
NEW HERBRIDES	
NEW ZEALAND	
NORFOLK ISLANDS	
NORWAY	
PAPUA NEW GUINEA	
PHILIPINES	
PITCAIRN ISLANDS	

(iii) Zone C consists of the following countries:

ZONE C

NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

ANTIGUA	HAITI
ARGENTINA	HONDURAS
ANGUILLA	JAMAICA
ARUBA	MARTINIQUE
ASCENSION	MEXICO
BAHAMAS	MONSERRAT
BARBADOS	NETHERLANDS ANTILLES
BELIZE	NICARAGUA
BERMUDA	PANAMA
BRAZIL	PARAGUAY
BOLIVIA	PERU
CANADA	PUERTO RICO
CAYMAN ISLANDS	SAINT HELENA
CHILE	SAINT LUCIA
COLOMBIA	SAINT VINCENT
COSTA RICA	SURINAME
DOMINICA	TRINIDAD & TOBAGO
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	TURKS & CAICOS ISLANDS
EQUADOR	URAGUAY
EL SAVADOR	USA
FALK AND ISLANDS & DEPENDENCIES	VENEZUELA
FRENCH GUIANA	VIRGIN ISLANDS OF U.S.A.
GRENADA	WALLIS AND FUTUNA ISLANDS
QUADELOUPE	SAINT KITTS NEVIS
GUATEMALA	WINDWARD ISLANDS
GUYANA	

**Post Office (Surface Mail Parcels)
(Rates of Postage) Regulations,**

S.I. 39 of 1983.

[19th September, 1983]

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Post Office (Surface Mail Parcels) (Rates of Postage) Regulations. Citation.

2. There shall be charged on parcels for transmission by surface mail to overseas destinations such rates as are set out in the Schedule hereto. Rates of postage to be charged on Surface Mail Parcels.

SCHEDULE

RATES OF POSTAGE

Notes: (application to all paragraphs in Schedule) Maximum size of surface parcels—

- (i) length — 1 metre.
- (ii) length and girth combined — 2 metres; and
- (iii) maximum weight — 10 Kg.

1. SURFACE PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH LONDON

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
	R c	R c	R c	R c
Alaska		As U.S.A.		
Albania	70 50	94 50	122 80	170 00
Andorra		As France		
Antigua	67 00	88 10	112 65	155 05
Argentina	88 55	112 85	138 15	187 55
Austria	58 60	74 90	90 20	123 10
Azores	70 65	91 10	113 75	153 30

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Bahamas	67 15	88 65	109 70	152 15
Balearic Islands	70 55	88 45	103 65	139 60
Barbados	70 40	93 45	114 50	154 45
Belize (formerly British Honduras)	65 40	90 00	115 39	161 09
Bermuda	60 05	78 75	97 75	134 85
Bolivia	87 90	119 20	152 80	222 05
Brazil	119 68	143 45	168 00	215 70
British Virgin Islands	—	—	—	—
Bulgaria	88 05	112 85	138 70	186 15
Cameroon	66 40	86 90	109 15	153 80
Canada (Inc. New Foundland)	55 80	79 65	90 40	111 60
Canary Islands	70 80	88 75	104 45	140 90
Cape Verde Is	42 25	81 60	102 70	147 40
Caroline Is	86 40	115 60	170 75	191 30
Cayman Islands	64 75	88 55	112 35	156 90
Central Africa Rep.	76 94	103 20	132 50	190 00
Chad	70 55	94 40	124 45	184 90
Chile	79 00	99 90	135 25	187 40
Peoples Rep. of China	79 75	113 85	176 80	269 55
Colombia	62 25	83 55	108 05	168 40
Corsica	70 65	87 15	105 15	142 60
Costa Rica	71 85	96 35	121 75	169 90
Cuba (a) except Guantanamo Bay	67 90	86 80	104 40	144 85
(b) Guantanamo Bay	54 65	86 30	115 40	190 80
Czechoslovakia	84 55	103 95	122 70	157 80
Dahomey (see Benin)	—	—	—	—

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Denmark (Inc.Green land)	56 55	69 80	82 15	108 45
Dominica	63 95	87 95	109 70	139 25
Dominican Rep.	65 60	86 15	106 80	149 75
Ecuador	68 65	104 40	131 35	181 10
El Salvador	76 60	99 60	123 40	169 90
Equatorial Guinea	70 00	97 25	124 45	182 10
Falkland Is. and British Antartica	67 00	90 10	110 45	161 75
Faroe Islands	59 25	76 60	94 20	129 85
Finland	72 05	89 15	105 65	141 35
France (Inc.Andorra and Monaco)	74 95	86 50	98 00	126 35
French Guyana	73 10	93 50	116 85	162 65
French West Indies	72 65	93 05	115 90	160 70
Gabon	73 70	104 75	138 25	194 50
Gambia	76 05	98 10	121 75	159 45
Germany (a) Fed. Rep. Inc. West Berlin	57 45	71 60	84 80	100 15
(b) Democratic Rep. and East Berlin	83 25	101 40	117 00	152 70
Great Britain	47 00	55 70	65 90	78 00
Gibraltar	58 30	75 05	89 20	120 39
Grenada	60 85	81 20	100 15	140 10
Greenland	56 50	69 80	82 15	108 45
Guadeloupe (see French West Indies)	—	—	—	—
Guatemala	61 60	82 10	102 80	145 75
Guinea Bissau	62 55	84 90	107 85	153 80
Guinea Rep.	73 20	96 35	118 90	163 25
Guyana	64 15	84 55	106 60	150 85

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Haiti	61 60	82 10	102 80	145 75
Hawaii		See U.S.A.		
Honduras (Rep. of)	84 55	107 45	131 35	177 85
Hungary	65 55	85 55	104 30	144 20
Iceland	56 90	70 95	89 30	122 20
Ireland (Rep. of)	72 20	94 00	112 95	157 70
Italy (Inc. Sardinia and Sicily)	72 20	94 00	112 95	146 70
Ivory Coast	73 95	101 00	130 15	183 85
Jamaica	74 30	97 90	122 45	169 65
Lebanon		Service suspended		
Liberia	60 85	80 65	100 15	140 10
Liechtenstein		As Switzerland		
Luxembourg	57 45	71 95	84 80	110 60
Madeira	70 65	91 10	113 75	153 30
Mali (Rep. of)	73 05	97 15	124 20	180 10
Mariana Islands	76 10	106 90	137 50	191 30
Martinique		As French West Indies		
Mauritania	61 10	81 10	101 85	142 65
Mexico (a) except Chetumal	59 95	79 75	99 60	142 55
(b) Chetumal	63 85	84 75	94 60	152 50
Monaco		As France		
Montserrat	71 95	98 25	125 10	167 25
Morocco	56 30	73 80	90 70	127 60
Netherlands	62 35	74 80	87 80	113 10
Netherlands Antilles	64 75	85 35	106 05	150 55
Nicaragua	68 64	89 20	110 60	154 75
Niger Rep.	62 70	87 00	115 30	174 30
Norway	59 05	80 85	90 05	114 50
Panama (Rep. of)	74 30	95 70	117 15	161 35

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Paraguay	97 45	127 80	162 35	226 80
Peru	70 95	91 35	112 65	142 70
Poland	63 65	79 35	92 75	124 00
Portugal	69 15	87 90	105 70	142 15
Puerto Rico	52 20	83 85	112 95	179 95
Romania	75 25	100 15	126 05	173 45
Samoa (U.S.A. territory)	54 65	86 40	115 60	179 30
Sao Tome & Principe	73 50	85 90	95 90	156 40
Senegal	53 40	96 95	120 30	163 25
Spain	70 55	88 45	103 65	139 60
St. Christopher (St. Kitts) Nevis and Anguilla	—	—	—	—
St. Lucia	83 95	110 10	137 40	186 30
St. Pierre & Miquelon	76 95	96 75	115 00	155 65
St. Vincent	64 75	88 55	112 35	156 90
Surinam	64 75	85 35	106 05	150 55
Sweden	72 30	87 40	99 65	132 49
Switzerland (Inc. Leichtenstein)	55 10	77 45	92 05	126 45
Togo	68 40	93 95	122 92	178 95
Tortolla (British Virgin Islands)	—	—	—	—
Trinidad & Tobago Is.	59 20	78 85	98 80	138 05
Turk & Caicos Is	64 80	96 45	116 85	145 95
Upper Volta	64 60	89 30	117 15	177 10
Uruguay	63 10	84 90	107 80	156 95
U.S.A. (Inc. Hawaii and Alaska)	86 40	115 60	170 75	238 65
Vatican City State	58 55	74 90	90 20	123 10
Venezuela	67 90	90 10	112 35	157 90
Virgin Is. (British)	60 85	80 65	100 15	140 10

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Wake Island	86 40	115 60	170 75	238 65
Yugoslavia	71 85	92 55	112 85	167 95

2. SURFACE PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH EAST AFRICA

Algeria	30 80	49 30	70 40	121 65
Australia	26 95	42 35	60 10	98 50
Burundi	25 63	36 55	50 30	82 45
Christmas Island	29 60	46 90	66 30	109 70
Cocos (Keeling) Is.	26 95	42 35	60 10	98 50
Congo People's Rep.	29 80	50 70	76 40	133 30
Cyprus	33 65	49 50	69 25	116 45
Djibouti	31 25	44 25	63 95	108 05
Egypt Arab Rep.	34 60	53 85	76 90	132 45
Eritrea	31 50	48 85	66 10	120 00
Ethiopia	34 30	49 75	72 55	123 85
Fiji Islands	31 50	49 30	70 40	117 35
French Polynesia	33 15	50 50	72 10	128 85
Gilbert Islands	24 30	41 85	61 30	102 80
Greece	30 50	47 35	68 55	116 45
Hong Kong	21 95	34 00	48 90	82 00
Indonesia	30 30	44 75	62 25	106 15
Israel	24 60	36 65	55 80	89 45
Japan	27 90	40 65	56 55	93 45
Jordan	35 80	56 50	83 80	145 85
Kenya	20 25	29 20	42 45	66 90
Korea Rep.	29 80	46 30	63 70	107 60
Kuwait	33 90	53 35	77 60	133 65
Laos Peoples Dem. Rep.	29 30	48 05	69 45	117 65

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Libyan Jamahiriya	29 90	51 20	75 45	129 15
Macao	24 60	37 80	54 40	91 30
Madagascar	30 10	51 20	77 60	133 45
Malaysia (Inc. Sabah Mamaya & Saranan)	22 90	35 65	51 55	82 70
Malta	30 10	47 15	68 75	117 85
Mozambique	23 59	36 15	51 05	87 25
New Hebrides	32 45	48 35	68 55	117 65
New Zealand (Inc. Island territories)	29 10	46 15	65 39	108 80
Pakistan	35 58	59 55	80 25	135 35
Portuguese Timor	26 25	40 65	58 10	98 50
Papua New Guinea	29 60	46 90	66 35	109 70
Reunion	34 35	55 75	83 30	143 70
Rwanda	23 35	34 00	47 70	77 95
St. Helena	25 65	45 90	70 40	119 30
Samoa	28 40	54 30	83 80	149 95
Saudi Arabia	29 60	45 20	65 40	110 45
Singapore	22 90	35 65	51 55	82 70
Solomon Islands	31 00	50 30	73 05	117 85
Somali Dem. Rep.	26 50	38 30	53 20	88 45
Sudan Dem. Rep.	27 45	43 05	61 55	107 10
Taiwan (Formosa)	24 60	38 05	55 35	93 95
Tanzania	20 25	29 20	42 45	66 90
Thailand	31 50	45 90	63 45	107 35
Tonga (Friendly Is)	35 10	53 35	75 90	123 65
Turkey	34 60	55 50	82 40	143 20
Uganda	20 25	29 20	42 45	66 90
Vietnam	29 60	44 25	62 75	105 65
Western Samoa	29 10	45 85	65 40	108 80
Yemen Peoples Dem. Rep.	26 95	40 45	56 75	95 1

Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg
Zambia	27 60	39 00	54 40	85 90

3. SURFACE PARCEL SERVICE TO MAURITIUS

Mauritius	24 30	33 50	45 05	68 60
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4. SURFACE PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH SOUTH AFRICA

Angola (a) except

Luanda	43 70	65 05	90 55	142 80
(b) Luanda	50 85	74 65	102 45	159 30
Ascension	41 30	62 70	88 10	140 15

Botswana (a) except

Kasane	39 30	58 15	83 10	125 05
(b) Kasane	41 10	62 90	97 20	140 85

Comoro State of

Cook Islands	47 30	74 90	107 05	177 90
Ghana	46 45	72 25	98 90	154 50
Lesotho	43 95	62 90	85 45	132 20
Malawi	62 60	89 50	127 00	194 40
Nigeria	47 30	69 85	96 45	145 35
Sierra Leone	38 95	61 50	89 10	143 45
South Africa	30 10	44 25	62 05	96 10
Swaziland	29 35	50 35	76 65	128 15
Zaire	45 80	69 85	101 70	163 80
Zimbabwe	63 25	75 20	93 05	123 30

5. SURFACE PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH INDIA

Abu Dhabi	58 75	81 75	113 75	166 35
Afghanistan	76 30	114 90	167 05	261 90
Arabia, Saudi	57 45	75 95	93 85	129 35

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Destination	Not Exceeding 1 Kg	Exceeding 1 Kg but not exceeding 3 Kg	Exceeding 3 Kg but not exceeding 5 Kg	Exceeding 5 Kg but not exceeding 10 Kg	
Bahrain	50 60	67 30	99 20	127 80	
Bangladesh	47 75	74 50	84 70	120 10	
Burma		As Malaysia			
Borneo		As Malaysia			
Brunei	36 80	68 00	92 05	138 10	
Dem. Kampuchea		As Egypt			
Dubai		As Qatar			
Guam		As U.S.A.			
India	43 40	57 00	77 70	112 80	
Iran	59 65	96 05	145 55	233 35	
Iraq	58 40	80 10	76 30	156 55	
Maldives Islands	54 70	74 80	103 55	151 10	
Mongolia	54 56	88 40	138 50	149 00	
Nauru	51 10	73 25	103 75	159 55	
Nepal	46 15	58 55	75 15	104 15	
Norfolk Island	53 45	72 25	99 20	150 65	
New Caledonia	69 90	91 55	123 65	184 40	
Oman	56 20	69 90	95 90	145 05	
Philippines	49 35	69 90	95 90	145 05	
Pitcairn Island	39 75	61 10	91 25	147 40	
Polynesia (French)	71 50	98 80	136 25	205 65	
Qatar (State)	50 50	68 90	97 70	138 30	
Santa Cruz	51 10	73 40	103 75	159 55	
Sarawak	44 20	59 40	78 50	114 40	
Sri Lanka	61 95	75 70	91 90	123 45	
Syria	51 25	74 50	104 05	160 30	
Yemen Arab Rep.	43 70	64 60	82 85	118 50	
United Arab Emirates	50 50	68 90	97 70	138 30	

**Post Office (Airmail Parcels)
(Rates of Postage)**

- Citation.** 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Post Office (Airmail Parcels) (Rates of Postage) Regulations.
- Postage rates.** 2. The postage rates payable for the transmission out of Seychelles of postal parcels by airmail are as specified in the Schedule.
- Labelling.** 3. All airmail parcels must have displayed beside the address to which the parcel is being posted—
- (a) a blue "airmail" label obtainable free of charge at any Post Office; or
 - (b) the word "AIRMAIL" written or stamped in block capital letters.

Regulation 2**SCHEDULE****RATES OF POSTAGE**

Notes: (applicable to all paragraphs in Schedule)

- (a) Parts of $\frac{1}{2}$ kg count as complete $\frac{1}{2}$ kg
- (b) Maximum size of air parcels—
 - (i) length-1 metre
 - (ii) length and girth combined-2 metres; and
 - (iii) maximum weight-10kg.

1. AIR PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH LONDON

Destination	First $\frac{1}{2}$ kg	Each Additional $\frac{1}{2}$ kg
	R C	R C
Andorra	79 15	52 20
Argentina	100 00	86 60

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
Austria	61 60	32 05
Azores	65 90	36 30
Balearic Islands	70 95	41 35
Belgium	67 60	38 55
Belize (formerly British Honduras)	91 40	61 80
Benin (formerly Dahomey)	84 85	55 30
Brazil	118 95	89 40
Bulgaria	73 15	45 60
Cameroon	79 95	50 45
Canada (Inc. New Foundland)	61 70	32 20
Canary Island	66 75	37 25
Cape Verde Islands	77 45	47 85
Caroline Islands	101 55	70 90
Chad	80 85	53 20
Chile	115 25	85 70
Corsica (see France)	-	-
Cuba (except Guantanamo Bay)	96 35	66 85
Czechoslovakia	71 35	41 65
Denmark	60 40	27 95
Equatorial Guinea	-	-
(a) Rio Muni	80 60	52 05
(b) Marcias Nguema Biyogo	80 50	51 45
Falklands Islands and British Antartica	113 85	84 25
Finland	67 75	38 25
France	79 15	52 20
French Guiana	97 40	67 85
Gabon	88 35	58 80
Gambia	80 70	51 10
Great Britain	74 10	41 15
Germany Fed. Rep. (Inc. West Berlin)	64 80	35 20
German Dem. Rep. and East Berlin	70 80	41 25
Gibraltar	60 95	31 40
Greece	75 65	46 05

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
Greenland	73 85	44 30
Guinea Rep.	82 95	53 90
Hungary	63 35	33 70
Iceland	64 75	35 15
Italy (Inc. San Marino)	66 90	37 35
Ivory Coast	76 75	47 15
Lebanon	68 60	39 05
Liberia	76 95	47 40
Luxembourg	53 35	25 80
Mali	73 25	43 65
Malta	68 95	39 40
Morocco	61 00	31 40
Netherlands	58 30	28 75
Netherlands Antilles	90 15	60 55
Niger Rep.	71 85	42 25
Nigeria	78 05	48 45
Norway	65 75	36 15
Paraguay	112 35	82 85
Puerto Rico	87 75	58 15
Romania	68 95	39 80
St. Pierre et Miquelon	80 60	51 00
Senegal	82 05	52 45
Sierra Leone	82 05	52 50
Spain	66 75	39 25
Surinam	89 80	60 25
Sweden	109 23	79 65
Switzerland	58 95	29 35
Togo	82 85	53 25
Tunisia	64 55	35 00
Turkey	72 00	42 40
Turks and Caicos Islands	96 75	67 15
Upper Volta	79 65	50 05
Uruguay	102 70	73 10

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
U.S.S.R.	88 85	59 35
Vatican City State	59 70	30 10
Virgin Islands	-	-
(a) British Inc. Tortolla	84 85	55 30
(b) Islands of the U.S.A.	88 10	58 60
Wake Island	100 75	71 15
Yugoslavia	68 10	38 15

2. AIR PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH EAST AFRICA

Albania	41 60	24 95
Bulgaria	42 35	25 80
Cyprus	45 75	26 75
Kenya	24 75	7 70
Malawi	26 95	12 75
Namibia	29 50	17 65
Pakistan	40 60	24 25
Tanzania	24 75	7 70
Uganda	24 75	7 70
Zambia	33 35	15 20

3. AIR PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH MAURITIUS

Mauritius	29 25	12 45
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4. AIR SERVICE THROUGH SOUTH AFRICA

Angola	45 30	19 60
Botswana	-	-
(a) Except Kasane	23 95	23 15
(b) Kasane	26 80	14 85
Comoro (State of)	48 85	27 15

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
Congo (People's Rep.)	32 05	18 35
Ghana	61 00	12 60
Lesotho	31 55	12 60
Madagascar	35 20	18 15
Mozambique	29 90	13 95
Norfolk Island	54 75	40 45
Papua New Guinea	54 30	39 40
Pitcairn Island	54 05	44 45
Portuguese Timor	55 00	40 80
Reunion	38 55	19 05
South Africa	30 65	11 90
St. Thomas and Principe	43 55	21 40
Swaziland	22 00	13 30
Togo	69 50	50 35
Tuvalu	63 90	52 65
Zaire	31 15	18 50
Zimbabwe	22 00	13 30

5. AIR PARCEL SERVICES THROUGH INDIA

Abu Dhabi (United Arab Emirates)	64 50	49 15
Afghanistan	58 15	42 75
Bahrain	59 85	44 35
Bangladesh	52 60	37 15
Bhutan	48 90	33 50
Burma	57 25	41 85
Dubai (UAE)	58 65	42 25
Egypt	84 25	69 05
Ethiopia	74 45	59 15
Indonesia	80 95	65 50
India	50 10	34 15
Iran	71 65	56 25
Iraq	71 00	55 55

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
Israel	67 00	51 65
Kuwait	58 70	43 50
Maldives Islands	49 60	34 20
Mariana Islands	111 20	95 75
Marshall Islands	147 30	131 85
Nepal	47 05	31 65
Oman (Sultanate of)	48 75	33 30
Qatar (State of)	73 30	57 90
Sarawak	62 00	46 60
Saudi Arabia	69 05	53 65
Sudan	62 05	46 60
Syria	67 15	51 70
U.A.E	66 40	50 95
Yemen Arab Rep.	69 50	54 10
Yemen People's Dem. Rep.	62 00	54 10

6. AIR PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH HONG KONG

Australia	81 40	51 45
Brunei	52 15	22 15
China (People's Rep.)	55 85	25 90
Fiji	73 70	29 25
Hong Kong	36 30	23 95
Japan	74 55	44 55
Korea Rep. of	-	-
Lao (People's Dem. Rep.)	61 45	31 50
Malaysia	56 95	26 95
Nauru	64 40	34 45
New Caledonian	110 60	80 70
New Hebrides	-	-
New Zealand territories	117 65	87 75
New Zealand	88 20	58 25

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
Philippines	54 20	24 20
Polynesia (French)	138 00	108 00
Ryuku Islands	As Japan	
Samoa	110 30	79 20
Samoa Western	115 95	86 00
Singapore	56 70	30 60
Solomon Islands	-	-
Sri Lanka (Ceylon)	72 55	42 55
Taiwan	56 05	26 05
Thailand	55 90	25 95

7. AIR PARCEL SERVICE THROUGH NEW YORK

Antigua	96 60	40 05
Bahamas	86 40	35 00
Barbados	96 60	40 05
Bermuda	91 95	37 75
Bolivia	105 80	44 65
Belize	91 95	37 75
Cayman Islands	91 95	37 75
Colombia	94 25	38 90
Costa Rica	94 25	38 90
Cuba	96 60	40 05
Dominica	96 60	40 05
Dominican Rep.	91 95	37 75
Ecuador	105 80	44 65
El Salvador	94 25	38 90
Grenada	94 25	38 90
Guadeloupe	94 25	38 90
Guatemala	105 80	44 65
Guyana	91 95	37 75
Haiti	91 95	37 75
Honduras Rep.	91 95	37 75

Destination	First ½ kg	Each Additional ½ kg
	R C	R C
Jamaica	91 95	37 75
Martinique	96 60	40 05
Mexico	91 95	37 75
Montserrat	96 60	40 05
Nicaragua	94 25	38 90
Panama Canal Zone	94 25	38 90
Panama Rep.	94 25	38 90
Peru	91 95	37 75
St. Christopher	96 60	40 05
St. Kitts Nevis and Anguilla	-	-
St. Lucia	96 60	40 05
St. Martin	94 25	38 90
St. Vincent	96 60	40 05
Trinidad and Tobago	96 60	40 05
U.S.A.	79 25	36 50
Venezuela	96 60	40 05

SECTION 45

**The Post Office (Authorised Handling Organization)
Notice.**

[24th September, 1973]

1. This Notice may be cited as the Post Office (Authorised Handling Organization) Notice. Citation.

2. The authorised handling organization for the purposes of section 45 of the Post Office Act shall be:— Notification of authorised handling organisation.

***Aviation Seychelles Limited.**

*Now Amalgamated with Air Seychelles Limited.

SECTION 49

**THE POSTAL FRANKING MACHINES
REGULATIONS***[2nd March, 1970]*

- Citation.** 1. These regulations may be cited as the Postal Franking Machines Regulations.
- Franking machines.** 2. Postage may be prepaid by impressions of franking machines.
- Licence.** 3. No person shall use a postal franking machine except under and in accordance with a licence issued by the Chief Postmaster.
- Licensee to conform to conditions.** 4. A person to whom a licence has been issued by the Chief Postmaster under these regulations must conform to all the conditions laid down in such licence and to the provisions of regulation 6 of these regulations.
- Withdrawal and new conditions.** 5. The Chief Postmaster may in his entire discretion withdraw or add to the conditions of a licence issued by him.
- Impressions.** 6. Impressions produced by postal franking machines shall be of a bright red colour. They shall bear, in Roman letters, the words "Seychelles" and "Postage Paid", of which the latter may be abbreviated to "P.P.", and indicate their postal value, in Rupees and cents, in Arabic figures.
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POST OFFICE REGULATIONS*[9TH MAY, 1901]***ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS****REGULATION**

1. Extension of inland postal service.
2. Service.
3. Service to and from Praslin and La Digue.
4. Post Offices in rural districts.
5. Post Offices - establishment of.
6. Letter boxes - establishment of.
7. Exception respecting delivery of letters in rural districts.
8. Letter boxes - where established.
9. Private letter boxes.
10. Erection of letter boxes.
11. Limitation of Post Office responsibility.
12. Application of regulations and timetables to private letter to boxes.
13. Key of private letter boxes.
14. Scale of charges.
15. Definition of mails.
16. Articles not to be sent through inland posts.
17. Delivery of mails at houses situate at a greater distance than one mile from District post offices.
18. All letters and postcards, etc., to pass through a post office.
19. Unstamped letters - how dealt with.
20. Prohibited letters, etc.
21. Dead letters.
22. Posted letters.
23. Letters found in bad condition.
24. Exemption from postage rates.

G.N. 109 of 1901.
 G.N. 245 of 1942.
 G.N. 213 of 1951.
 G.N. 301 of 1951.
 S.I. 60 of 1960.
 S.I. 60 of 1961.
 S.I. 63 of 1973.
 S.I. 64 of 1974.
 S.I. 116 of 1974.
 S.I. 5 of 1975.
 S.I. 10 of 1975.
 S.I. 23 of 1975.
 S.I. 90 of 1975.
 S.I. 95 of 1975.
 S.I. 72 of 1976.
 S.I. 101 of 1976.
 S.I. 23 of 1977.
 S.I. 50 of 1977.
 S.I. 115 of 1978.
 S.I. 65 of 1979.
 S.I. 2 of 1980.
 S.I. 39 of 1980.
 S.I. 101 of 1980.
 S.I. 22 of 1982.
 S.I. 78 of 1984.
 S.I. 36 of 1985.
 S.I. 34 of 1986.
 S.I. 66 of 1987.
 S.I. 18 of 1988.
 S.I. 22 of 1989.

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25. Franking of letters on public service.
26. Letters, etc., to be conveyed only through post office.
27. Penalty.
28. Exemption.
29. Establishment of branch post office at Silhouette, Coetivy and Farquar.
30. Branch post offices to be used for despatch of ordinary letters and postcards only.
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33. Service
34. Provisions of other regulations to apply unless inconsistent.
35. Issue of inland money orders.
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39. Form of money order.
40. Payment.
41. Payee to sign or affix his mark to money order.
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REGULATION

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Inland Postal Service

Extension of inland
postal service.

1. The inland postal service, established on the 1st January, 1901, will extend to the following localities:—

- (a) St. Louis,
- (b) Mont Fleuri,
- (c) Les Mamelles,
- (d) Bel Air,
- (e) Le Niol,
- (f) Providence,
- (g) Cascade,
- (h) Anse Aux Pins,
- (i) Anse Royale,
- (j) Anse Boileau,
- (k) Anse Forban,
- (l) Takamaka,
- (m) Bay Lazare,
- (n) Anse a la Mouche,
- (o) La Misere,
- (p) Barbarons,
- (q) Port Glaud,
- (r) Morne Blanc,
- (s) Bel Ombre,
- (t) Glacis,
- (u) Anse Etoile,
- (v) Praslin,
- (w) La Digue.

2. These districts shall be served as follows:Service.
S.I. 95/1975.

- (i) The present postman of the Central Post Office shall continue to act as special postman for the twon of Victoria.
- (ii) The service for the Northern Districts and Port Glaud shall be performed three times a week.
- (iii) The service for the other districts south of Victoria shall be performed daily at such hour as may, from time to time, be fixed by time table prepared by the Postmaster, with the approval of the Minister.

3.(1) The service from Victoria to Praslin or La Digue, or vice versa, and the service between Praslin and La Digue shall be performed by boats belonging to or chartered by the Government and plying to and from these islands, or by any other boat plying to and from Mahe, Praslin or La Digue to the satisfaction of the Postmaster.

Service to and
from Praslin and
La Digue.

(2) The coxswain of all boats about to leave Victoria for Praslin or La Digue, or vice versa, shall give notice of the hours of sailing to the postal authority or to the police authority of the locality, should the Post Office be closed, two hours at least before the time fixed for their departure and obtain a permit which shall be delivered free of charge provided they take any postal letters which the postal or police authority may hand over to them.

(3) On the arrival of any boat at Mahe, Praslin or La Digue and carrying mails as aforesaid, the coxswain shall immediately deliver to the postal authority of the locality all mails placed in his charge at the commencement of his journey, with the exception of such letters and packets as are exempted by these regulations.

(4) The coxswain of any boat not chartered by Government shall be paid by the Postmaster of Seychelles for every mail conveyed by him as aforesaid a fee of 50 cents per bag.

G.N. 213/1951.

(5) The coxswain of any boat leaving Victoria, Praslin or La Digue without a permit or who contravenes the provisions of this regulation shall be liable on conviction to a fine not less than one rupee and not exceeding fifteen rupees.

G.N. 245/1942.

Post Offices in
rural districts.
S.I. 72/1976.

4.(1) The police stations in the different localities served by the inland post shall be utilized as post offices, and the N.C.O.'s in charge thereof shall perform the duties assigned to them by these regulations.

- (ii) At such places, where there is sub-accountant, the post office shall be either under the charge of that officer, or of the police, as the President shall direct.

Post Offices
establishment of.
S.I. 95/1975.

5. No post offices shall be established in any house except with approval of the Minister.

Letter boxes
establishment of.

6. Letter boxes shall be placed at the junctions of the principal cross roads and in the chief villages, and the keys shall be in the custody of the district postmen.

Exception
respecting delivery
of letters in rural
districts.

7. The N.C.O. in charge of the police station shall instruct the postman as to the delivery of letters and other articles as defined in regulation 15. In the absence of the officer in charge, unless the subordinate officer be competent to perform this duty, no letters and other articles as aforesaid shall be delivered to the postman.

Letter boxes —
where established.
S.I. 95/1975.

8. Letter boxes shall be erected in each of the following places:

- (i) At the top of Royal Street.
- (ii) At the end of the short pier.
- (iii) At the commencement of the Misere Road.
- (iv) At the commencement of the Foret Noire Road.
- (v) At Cascade.
- (vi) At Anse Aux Pins police station.
- (vii) At Anse Royale, at the junction of the Cannelles road with the coast road.
- (viii) Anse Anse Forban, at the junction of the Takamaka road with the coast road.
- (ix) At Takamaka, close to the police station (junction of the western coast road with the road to Anse Forban).

- (x) At Anse à la Mouche, at the junction of the western coast road with the Cannelles road.
- (xi) At Anse Boileau, near the police station.
- (xii) At Barbarons, at the junction of the western coast road with the Misère Road.
- (xiii) At La Misère, near the IVth mile on the water shed.
- (xiv) At Port Glaud, near the police station.
- (xv) At Cascade.
- (xvi) At Bel Ombre, near the police station.
- (xvii) At Glacis, near the Church.
- (xviii) At Anse Etoile, near the police station.
- (xix) At Praslin, St. Anne's Bay, near the police station.
- (xx) At La Digue, near the police station.
- (xxi) At Point Cabris.
- (xxii) At Saint Louis, and at such other places as may, from time to time, be selected by the Postmaster with the approval of the Minister.

9. The Minister may authorise any person, whose residence is not distant more than one mile from any postman's beat to establish in private letter box on his premises.

Private letter boxes.
S.I. 95/1975.

10. Such letter box shall be erected by the applicant at his own expense.

Erection of letter boxes.

11. Postal articles placed in such boxes shall not be deemed to have been duly posted until they have actually been collected by the postman.

Limitation of Post Office responsibility.

12. The regulations and time tables from time to time issued for the service of the public letter boxes of the local post shall apply to all the private letter boxes.

Application of regulations and time-tables to private letter boxes.

13. Any box holder may retain a duplicate key of his letter box for his personal use.

Key of private letter boxes.

Scale of charges.

14. The scale of charges shall be as follows:

- (i) For collection in any house distant more than one mile from the postman's beat:
per annum payable in advance Rs. 6.
- (ii) For collection at any place not distant more than half a mile from the postman's beat:
per annum payable in advance Rs. 4.
- (iii) For collection at any place not distant more than a quarter of a mile from the postman's beat:
per annum payable in advance Rs. 3.
- (iv) For collection along the line of route followed by the postman:
per annum payable in advance Rs. 2.

Definition of mails.

15. For the purposes of these regulations mails shall include:

- (a) Ordinary letters and post cards either posted in Seychelles or coming from abroad.
- (b) Printed papers, commercial papers, and samples coming from abroad or posted at the Central Post Office, Victoria, provided that their transmission to the country districts may be delayed whenever, in the discretion of the Postmaster of Seychelles, such a course may be found necessary for the despatch of letters or postcards.

Articles not to be
sent through inland
post.
G.N. 114/1902.

16. The inland post shall not, until further notice, be available for the transmission of postal parcels, save as provided in regulation 67.

Delivery of mails
at houses situate at
a greater distance
than one mile from
District post
offices.

17. In the event of the addressee living at a distance of over one mile from the district post office in his neighbourhood, the district postmaster may use his discretion as to the delivery of the mails. A maximum limit of one week is allowed to the

postmaster within which mails shall be delivered at such distances.

18. Letters, postcards, printed papers, and samples intended for inland circulation and for abroad shall be dropped into letter boxes and go through a post office to be examined and weighed, and for the stamp to be obliterated.

All letters and postcards, etc., to pass through a post office.

19. It shall be the duty of any district postman finding in any letter box unstamped letters, letters without addresses, or letters which appear to him contrary to the postal regulations, to transmit such letters to the head office to be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Postal Union Convention.

Unstamped letters-how dealt with.

20.(1) No letters or other postal packets shall be received, which shall contain anything likely to injure the contents of the mail bags, such as glass in any form, leeches, game, fish, meat, fruit, or vegetables; bladders or other vessels containing liquids; gunpowder, lucifer matches or anything explosive or liable to sudden combustion; razors, scissors, needles, forks or other sharp instruments.

Prohibited letters, etc.

(2) It is further forbidden to forward by post any indecent or obscene prints, paintings, photographs, lithographs, books, or cards, or any other indecent article, or any letter, newspaper, publication, packet, or card having thereon any words, marks, or designs of an indecent, obscene, libelous, or grossly offensive character.

(3) Anything posted contrary to subregulation (1) or (2) shall be stopped and treated as a dead letter.

(4) No letters containing money shall be received by district postmasters.

(5) In case of any unpaid or insufficient prepaid letter the same shall be delivered by a postman to the addressee, only upon payment of the appropriate postage fee, and upon such payment the postman shall affix to such letter the appropriate postage due stamp.

G.N. 213/1951.

Dead letters.

21. Letters or other postal packets refused shall be treated as dead letters.

Posted letters.

22. No letter or other postal packet once posted shall be returned to the writer or sender or to anyone else, but such letter or such postal packet shall be forwarded to its destination according to the address.

Letters found in bad condition.

23. Should any letter or postal packet be found in a letter box open or in a bad condition, a note of such circumstance shall be written on the cover thereof, and initialed by the officer or person in charge.

Exemption from postage rates.
S.I. 72/1976.

24.(1) All letters to or from the President shall be exempted from the rates of postage set forth in these regulations.

(2) All letters on public service from or to the principal officers of the Government, whether addressed to them by name or under official designations, shall, when franked by those so authorised to act, be exempt from payment of postage, provided that letters sent from one department to another in Victoria, shall not pass through the Post Office, but shall be conveyed to their destination by the messengers of those departments.

**Franking of letters
on public service.
S.I. 31/1962.**

25. Officers holding the following appointments are authorised to frank letters on public service by signing their names in the left hand corner of the envelopes and adding the dates:-

Registrar, Supreme Court

Chief Clerk, Secretariat

The Chief or senior clerk of a Government department
and where no clerk is attached to a department the head
of department

Sub-Accountants, Praslin and South Mahe

Police Officers in charge of Stations

Head Teachers of Government Schools

Supervisor, Leper Settlement

Principal, Teacher Training College

Harbour Master

Fisheries Development Officer
Observer in charge (Meteorological Office)
District Nurses
Social Workers, Nuffield Foundation

26.(1) No police officer, postman, or any Government boatman as coxswain shall convey any article liable to postage from one post office to another otherwise than through a post office.

Letters, etc.,
to be conveyed
only through post
office.

(2) The foregoing shall not apply to messages sent on Government Service by police escort.

27. Any person carrying a letter or any article liable to postage to and from Praslin contrary to these regulations, shall be liable to prosecution under section 6 of the Act.

Penalty.

28. Letters and postal packets addressed to owners, frieghters, or consignees of the boat, and letters addressed and to be delivered with goods brought by the boat to the consignees of such goods are exempt from the provisions of regulation 27.

Exemption.

It shall not be lawful, however, for any person to make a collection of such exempted letters or articles for the purpose of sending them in the manner above described.

29. There shall be established a branch post office on each of the islands of Silhouette, Coetivy and Farquar.

Establishment of
branch post
office at
Silhouette,
Coetivy and
Farquar.
S.I. 60/1961.

30. Such branch post offices may be used for the despatch of ordinary letters and post-cards from the said islands through the Central Post Office, to any other place within or outside Seychelles.

Branch post
offices to be
used for
despatch of
ordinary letters
and post-cards
only.

31. Such branch post offices shall each be under the charge of such person as may from time to time be appointed postal officer by the Minister on the recommendation of the owner or of the

Postal Officers.
S.I. 60/1961.
S.I. 95/1975.

person having the general management of the respective islands.

Remuneration of postal officer.
S.I. 60/1961.
S.I. 95/1975.

32. A postal officer shall receive a commission of 5 per centum on stamps purchased by him at the Central Post Office for sale at the branch post office.

Service.
S.I. 60/1961.

33. The masters or coxswains of ships or boats plying between the said islands of Silhouette, Coetivy and Farquhar shall receive a fee not exceeding Rupees one (R1/-) for every mail carried by them.

Provisions of other regulations to apply unless inconsistent.
S.I. 60/1961.

34. The provisions of the other regulations shall, so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of regulations 29 to 33 inclusive apply to the postal service with the islands of Silhouette, Coetivy and Farquhar.

Inland Money Orders

Issue of inland money orders.
G.N. 114/1902.

35. Inland money orders will be issued at the Central Post Office and at the Branch Post Offices at Anse Royale (Mahé) and Baie St. Anne (Praslin).

Maximum of money order.

36. The maximum amount for which a single inland money order may be drawn shall be Rs.500.

Rate of issue.
S.I. 5/1975.

37. The rate chargeable for the transmission of money by means of an inland money order shall be one per centum of the amount transmitted subject to a minimum charge of 50 cents.

Particulars required for issue.

38. No money order shall be issued unless the applicant furnishes in full the surname and the initial of one Christian name of both the remitter and the payee, together with the address of the remitter.

Form of money order.

39. All money orders must be drawn on the form set out in Schedule A.

Payment.

40. All payments shall be made in Seychelles currency.

Payee to sign or affix his mark to money order.

41(1) The payee of a money order shall affix his signature to the order in the place provided for the purpose, and if the payee

cannot sign he shall sign the receipt by affixing thereon his mark in presence of a witness.

(2) Such witness should be known to the paying officer and shall sign his name on the receipt in his presence.

(3) The paying officer shall in no case act as a witness.

42(1) If the payee of a money order desires to receive payment at an office other than the one on which the order was originally drawn, he shall apply to the Postmaster of Seychelles, enclosing the order.

Transfer of
money order.

(2) Such application shall be granted on payment of an additional commission at the rate mentioned in regulation 37.

43(1) In the event of a money order miscarrying or being lost a duplicate shall be granted on the written application of the payee.

Issue of
duplicate.

(2) The application addressed to the Postmaster of Seychelles shall contain all necessary particulars and shall be accompanied by an additional commission at the rate mentioned in regulation 37.

44. On the receipt of such an application the Postmaster shall immediately issue orders to stop payment of the money order.

Stoppage of
payment.

45(1) When it is desired that the amount of the money order shall be repaid to the remitter, or that a lapsed order should be renewed, an application shall be made to the Postmaster of Seychelles.

Repayment to
remitter or
renewal of
lapsed money
order.

(2) Such application shall be accompanied by an additional commission at the rate mentioned in regulation 37.

46. No repayment of an original or renewed order shall be made to the remitter until it has been ascertained from the office, where such order was payable, that the advice has been cancelled.

Repayment only
made after
cancellation of
advice.

47. A money order, payment of which has not been obtained within three calendar months from the month in which it was issued, will become lapsed, and payment will only be made on a new order on which a second commission will be charged.

Lapsed money
orders.

orders. 48. A money order, payment of which has not been obtained within six calendar months from the month in which it was issued will become the property of the post office, and all claim to the money will be forfeited unless the Minister thinks proper to admit such claim.

be
after a
has
49. After once paying a money order, by whomsoever presented, the paying office will not be liable to any further claim. But if a wrong payment has been made owing to the negligence of an officer of the department the Minister may require such officer to make good the loss sustained by the individual.

to the
office.
50. All advices drawn by one branch office upon another shall be sent to the Central Office in Victoria for transmission.

Registered Articles

articles
service.
51. The provisions of regulations 24 and 25, concerning the franking of correspondence on public service, shall apply to registered articles sent through the inland post.

shall be
fastened.
52. Every letter or postal packet presented for registration shall be enclosed in a strong envelope and securely fastened by means of gum or sealing wax.

articles addressed
initials or to
fictitious names.
53. Letters, post-cards or postal packets addressed to initials or to a fictitious name will not be registered.

letters containing
coins or notes will
compulsorily
registered.
54. Letters containing coins or currency notes will be compulsorily registered and charged with double the registration fee.

registered articles
from abroad.
55. Registered letters, postcards or postal packets from abroad will be transmitted without additional charge to the addressee through the local post.

certain articles
addressed abroad
may be registered at
branch offices.
56. Letters, postcards and postal packets for abroad will be registered at Anse Royale and Baie St. Anne on prepayment of such rates as are for the time being in force at the Central Office.

57(1) All registered articles, whether addressed abroad or to places within the Seychelles Islands, shall bear consecutive numbers and shall be recorded in a special book.

Registered articles shall be sent to the Central Office accompanied by a list.

(2) They shall be forwarded in a closed mail and accompanied by a letter bill to the Central Office for transmission to the country or place of destination.

(3) Such letter bill shall be in form of Schedule B, and the letters A.R. (Avis de Réception) shall be inserted in the column marked "Observations" opposite those articles for which an acknowledgment of delivery is required.

(4) Provided however that articles registered in a sub-district for delivery within the limits of that sub-district shall not be forwarded to the Central Post Office for delivery.

58. The Post Office department and any of its sub-offices will deliver to any person who fills up the special form for the purpose, a local money order free of commission provided such amount is made payable to any Government department in settlement of taxes, hospital fees or any other claim for cash due to Government.

No commission on money orders for Government dues.
G.N. 118/1932.

Late Letters

59. Late letters will be received at the Central Post Office for onward transmission by the mail preparing for despatch, if presented within the time fixed by the Postmaster by notice posted up on the post office verandah for the reception of such late letters.

G.N. 24/1902.
Late letter service
Reception of late letters.

60. Such late letters shall be stamped both with the ordinary postage due and with the amount of the late letter fee.

Late Letters to be stamped.

61. The late letter fee shall be as follows:

Late letter fee.

- (a) For a letter posted not later than 15 minutes after the advertised time of closing for ordinary correspondence 12 cts.

- (b) For every additional 15 minutes or fractional part of 15 minutes delay after the advertised time of closing 12 cts.

Registered articles
not included in late
letter service.
G.N. 131/1924.
L.N. 92/1937.

62. The late letter service shall not apply to registered articles.

Letter-boxes at Central Post Office.

Letter boxes.
S.I. 60/1960.
S.I. 116/1974.
S.I. 101/1976.
S.I. 115/1978.
S.I. 78/1984.

63. Letter-boxes shall be provided at the Central Post Office for the use of the public on the conditions hereinafter set out:-

(1) Application for the allotment of a box shall be made to the Postmaster by the applicant on his own behalf, in his proper name and furnishing either his business or private address.

(2) Persons or firms trading under two or more designations may be required to apply for a separate box for each designation. Under this regulation any group of companies having a joint management may be required to apply for a separate box for each company.

(3) Letter boxes shall be allotted for periods not exceeding 12 months. Provided that no period of allotment shall extend beyond the 31st December in any year.

(4) On allotment of a box a fee of R.300 shall be payable.

(5)(a) The annual rental for a box shall be R.300/- payable in advance :

Provided that the fee payable under sub-regulation (4) shall be deemed to be the rental for the period expiring on the 31st December next following the allotment.

(b) The Postmaster may, if the annual rental fee is not paid by the 31st January in any year, allot the box to another person and may if the previous allottee has not, at the time of such allotment, returned the key to such box, utilise the deposit paid by him under sub-regulation (6) to defray the cost of changing the lock on such box.

(6) After allotment and on receipt by the Postmaster of a deposit of R.75 a key shall be delivered to the allottee. On the surrender of the box in good condition and on re-delivery of the key the Postmaster shall refund the said deposit. The said key shall at all times remain the property of the Postmaster.

(7) The deposit will be forfeited if at any time the key of the box is lost or the lock is broken. On receipt of a second deposit of R.75 a new lock and key will be fitted. Any correspondence received in the meantime will be delivered to the allottee in the usual manner.

(8) No lock other than that supplied by the department shall be placed on any box and no repairs may be executed except by the department.

(9) The allottee shall be liable for any damage to the box, to the lock or to the key due to his own wilful default or neglect.

(10) Any person who has obtained the written permission of the allottee and who shall pay to the Postmaster on the same terms and in the same manner as the fee payable by the allottee half of such fee may have his correspondence addressed to the box of the said allottee.

(11) Delivery into a private box is in all respects equivalent to personal delivery to the addressee.

(12) Those letters only will be placed in a box which are addressed to the allottee or to his care or to the number of that box.

(13) Correspondence can be re-addressed from one box to another in exceptional circumstances only and upon application to the Postmaster. Post office officials cannot re-address correspondence, unless a private box is closed and the key surrendered.

(14) Correspondence missorted or erroneously addressed to a wrong box, must be immediately reposted by the allottee of the box in which it is found after writing thereon the words "Not for box No....". Alternatively the correspondence in question may be

handed personally to an official on duty at the post office to whom an explanation of the circumstances, under which the correspondence was found, should be given.

(15) Only correspondence which has passed through the post may be placed in private letter boxes, and any other articles placed therein will be surcharged as if posted out of course.

(16) In the event of an allottee being unknown to a post office official the allottee may be identified by a credible person or by production of the Postmaster's receipt for box fees.

(17) On a breach by the allottee of any of the conditions hereinbefore contained the Postmaster shall be entitled, at his own discretion, to forfeit the box of the said allottee, and no person whose box has been forfeited for any cause, other than non-payment of rent, shall thereafter be re-allotted a box.

(18) The Postmaster shall allot free letter boxes to any Government Department, the Church of England and the Roman Catholic Mission. The deposits laid down in this regulation for the issue of the key shall not be required in such cases.

Request for
certificate, fee.

64. Any person who desires proof that an unregistered letter, letter-card, post-card, printed paper, sample or newspaper has been posted to a particular person must hand in the letter or other article at a post office and ask for a certificate of posting. The fee is 2 cents payable by means of a postage stamp which must be affixed by the sender to the form of certificate.

List of articles, fee.

65. A single certificate in respect of several articles of the same kind posted at one and the same time can be obtained if a list (in duplicate) of the names and addresses borne by the articles be presented with them. The fee will be 2 cents for every five articles of the same kind or for any less number.

Not registered.

66. It must be clearly understood that articles in respect of which these certificate are issued are not registered and will not be checked in the post, but will be treated as if they had been posted in a letter box; but in the event of loss, damage, or delay

the certificate will confer no title to compensation and that it furnishes no proof of the nature of the contents.

Delivery of Parcels and Packets.

67(1) Parcels (including insured, cash on delivery and V.P.P. parcels), registered packets, small packets and ordinary packets liable to customs duty shall be delivered to the addressee only or his agent (duly authorised in writing) on being claimed at the Central Post Office, or at the sub-post offices of Anse Royale and Baie St Anne, Praslin, after the addressee or his agent has filled in, in duplicate, a bill of entry, which must be duly checked and passed by an officer appointed for that purpose.

Manner of
delivery.
G.N. 103/1931.
G.N. 82/1937.
G.N. 62/1932.
S.I. 10/1975.

(2) Delivery shall be subject to all charges shown on the said bill of entry, and also to a charge of R. 1 per parcel with the additional charge of R. 1 on a cash on delivery parcel.

68(1) The Postmaster shall on the day following the arrival of any such parcel and packet as aforesaid, issue a notice of arrival thereof with full particulars to the addressee provided that non-receipt of such notice shall not give rise to any claim for non-payment of demurrage or for any other purpose.

Issue of notice.

(2) Before delivery of a parcel or packet the addressee thereof shall produce the notice to the parcel clerk.

69. Any parcel shall be claimed by the addressee or his duly authorised agent within a period of fourteen days of its arrival. Such period shall include Sundays and public holidays and shall be reckoned from the day following the day of arrival of the parcel.

Claiming parcel.

70. On every parcel which shall remain unclaimed after the expiry of such period, a charge shall be made for demurrage at the rate of five cents (R.0.05c.) for every day or part of a day (Sundays or public holidays excepted) during which such parcel shall remain unclaimed:

Demurrage.
S.I. 95/1975.

Provided that, on good and sufficient cause being shown to the Postmaster, in a written application to the latter, the Postmaster may, with the approval of the Minister, remit part or the whole of any demurrage due under this paragraph.

Parcels not
claimed.

71. Parcels not claimed within 30 days of the dates of their arrival will be returned to the countries of origin.

Packet not liable.

72. Regulations 69, 70 and 71 are applicable to parcels only. Registered packets, small packets and ordinary packets are exempt from demurrage.

G.N. 26/1935.

Fee for Vessels Carrying Mails not under Contract.

Fee payable.

73. The master of every vessel not being a regular mail packet under contract with the Government, conveying mails from Seychelles, shall receive from the Postmaster, as sea postage, two cents for each letter sent in such mails.

G.N. 16/1932.
L.N. 58/1936.

Definitions.

Vendors of Stamps

74. In these regulations:—

the expression “vendors of stamps” means the persons appointed under these regulations to sell stamps to the public;

“stamps” includes postage and revenue stamps, stamped postal matters, and stamped papers.

Appointment.
S.I. 95/1975.

*75. The Minister may appoint such persons as he shall think fit to sell stamps to the public.

Revocation.
S.I. 95/1975.

*76. Every such appointment shall be revocable at the will of the Minister.

Gazetting.

77. Every appointment made under these regulations shall be duly gazetted.

Commission.
S.I. 60/1960.
S.I. 23/1977.

78. A commission of 10 per centum shall be given to every person appointed under these regulations on all postage stamps, revenue stamps and stamped paper exceeding Rs.25 in value which are bought by such person at any one time from the Government, whatever may be the denominational values of the stamps or stamped paper purchased.

*The Minister's powers under these regulations have been delegated to the Secretary to the Minister (S.I.25/1972). (Cap. 241. Sub. Leg.)

79. Every Vendor of stamps shall immediately upon his appointment enter into a bond in two or more sureties in the sum of Rs.250 for the following purposes:—

Bond.
S.I. 72/1976.

- (i) that he shall sell stamps supplied to him at their face value; and
- (ii) that he shall not sell stamps to collectors and dealers outside the Republic.

80. No vendor of stamps shall be supplied with stamps unless:—

Conditions for
supply of
stamps.
S.I. 60/1960.

- (i) he shall have previously made an application in writing to the Postmaster, or the sub-account of South Mahe district or Praslin district;
- (ii) he shall have entered into the bond provided in the preceding section; and
- (iii) he conforms to the provisions of regulation 81.

81. Every vendor of stamps shall furnish to the Postmaster (if required by him to do so) returns of the sale of stamps for any month in the form in Schedule C.

Returns.
S.I. 60/1960.

Phonopost Service.

G.N. 225/1940.

82. From and after the 1st July, 1940, this Republic will participate in the "Phonopost" service for the exchange through the post of spoken messages recorded on small pliable phonographic discs.

Participation in
service.
S.I. 72/1976.

83. Participation will be limited to the delivery of such "Phonopost" packets as are received from other administrations.

Limitation.

Money Orders payable Abroad.

84. The rate of commission chargeable for the transmission of money by means of money orders issued in the Republic and payable in the United Kingdom and other countries shall be two per centum (2%).

Commission for
United Kingdom,
etc.

Telegraphic money orders.

85. The foregoing regulations shall also apply to telegraphic money orders.

Postal Orders.

S.I. 2/1980.

S.I. 39/1980.

S.I. 101/1980.

S.I. 22/1982.

S.I. 36/1985.

S.I. 34/1986.

S.I. 66/1987.

S.I. 18/1988.

S.I. 22/1989.

86(1) The Seychelles poundage rate payable on United Kingdom Postal Orders issued in Seychelles shall be as follow—

- (a) On postal orders in denominations £0.25 to £1.00 inclusive - R.1.00;
- (b) On postal orders in denominations of £2.00 to £10.00 - R1.50; and
- (c) On postal orders in denominations of £20.00" - R 2.00.

(2) In addition there shall be payable United Kingdom poundage as follows—

- (a) On postal orders in denominations of £0.25 to £1.00 inclusive - £0.23;
- (b) On postal orders in denominations of £2.00 to £10.00 - £0.38; and
- (c) On postal orders in denominations of £20.00 - £0.58.

(3) The selling price of United Kingdom postal orders issued in Seychelles shall be determined by reference to the selling price in rupees of the pound sterling as issued by the Central Bank of Seychelles.

Power of refusal.

87. The Postmaster may at any time refuse to issue money orders or postal orders.

SCHEDULES.

[Regn. 39]

SCHEDULE A.

SEYCHELLES		SEYCHELLES		SEYCHELLES	
Stamp of Issuing Office.	List No. Money Order No.	Stamp of Issuing Office.	No. Rs. c	Stamp of Issuing Office.	No. Rs. c
Upon the Office of		ADVICE			
Seychelles		of MONEY ORDER drawn by the above-named Office for		PAY the person named in my letter of Advice the sum	
		Rs. c..... upon the Office of (Seychelles)		Rs. c..... To the Post Office of (Seychelles)	
		 District Postmaster		 District Postmaster	
for Rs. c.		The Payee: viz., the Person to whom the Order is payable.		The person to whom Received the order is made payable above. must sign here.	
Payee		CHRISTIAN NAME SURNAME		In the case of a Firm, the usual signature	
Remitter		The Remitter: viz., the person who paid in the Money, and obtained the Order.		will suffice if so Signature of advised. Payee.	
		CHRISTIAN NAME SURNAME		N.B. — Payment of this Order must be obtained before the end of the third calendar month after that in which it was issued oth- erwise a new order will be necessary for which a new commission will be charged, and if the Order be not paid before the end of the sixth calendar month after that in which it was issued, all claim to the money will be lost. After once paying a Money Or- der, by whomsoever pre- sented, the Office will not be liable to any further claim.	
		Stamp of Central Office. This Advice must be signed and stamped by the Postmas- ter who draws the Order and stamped by the Postmas- ter on whose Office it is drawn. Stamp of Paying Office.		Stamp of Paying Office.	
		N.B. A separate Advise must be in- variably sent for each order.			

Instructions to Schedule A.

INSTRUCTIONS

To save time and prevent errors the public are advised to ascertain, before quitting the Issuing Office, that the Order corresponds with the particulars given in the Form of Application.

[Seal Here]

The receipt on the other side MUST be signed in the manner there described.

On presentation of this Order for payment, unless presented through a Bank, the Payee must give the name of the Remitter, or if sent by a Firm, the name of the Firm.

On Seychelles Government Service.

These regulations have been laid down to secure, as far as practicable, that payment be made to the proper person, and Postmasters and others have been instructed to enforce them so far as a due regard to the public convenience will permit.

As, however, AFTER ONCE PAYING A MONEY ORDER, BY WHOMSOEVER PRESENTED, THE OFFICE WILL NOT BE LIABLE TO ANY FURTHER CLAIM, the public are strictly cautioned —

MONEY ORDER ADVICE.

- 1st. — To take all means to prevent the loss of the Money Order.
- 2nd. — Never to send the Money Order in the same Letter with the information required on payment thereof.
- 3rd. — To be careful, on taking out a Money Order, to state correctly the Christian as well as the Surname of the person in whose favour it is to be drawn.
- 4th. — To see that the name of the person taking out the Money Order is correctly known to the person in whose favour it is drawn.

The Postmaster of

Neglect of these instructions will risk the loss of the money, besides leading to delay and trouble in obtaining payment.

No Single Order can be granted for more than Rs. 150.

SCHEDULE B.

[REGN. 57]

SEYCHELLES.

LETTER BILL.

Stamp of the Office
of despatch

Stamp of the Office
of Destination.

Despatch of the office of

For the Office of

Departure on the 19 at

Arrival on the 19 at

registered articles entered in the table below

bag of registered articles

registered articles sent outside.

LIST OF REGISTERED ARTICLES.

Entry No.	No. of the article	Office of posting	Names of addresses.	Place of destination	Observation

Officer of the despatching office.

Officer of the office of destination.

